OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AP) - A senior Russian envoy wrapped up a tour of the Middle East Monday by meeting with the Palestinian leadership and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin. "(Rabin) assured me that the government of Israel will keep and fulfill its commitments in the peace process," Viktor Posovalyuk said. Posovalyuk met Mr. Rabin to give him a message from Russian President Boris Yehsin. He would not say what the message-contained. In a meeting with Palestinian leader Faisal Husseini, Mr. Posovalvuk urged Palestinians to avoid internal violence in setting up their self-rule. "We call on Palestinians at this stage to stand united and not to use force against each other," he said. Mr. Posovalyuk, who heads the Russian foreign ministry's Department for Africa and the Middle East, also visited Jordan, Syria and Lebanon during his tour. He has made periodic visits to the region in the past year amid Russian attempts to remain involved in peace efforts.

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KUWAIT (R) - A Kuwaiti And | court Monday again postponed frent ruling on an appeal by 10 ordanians sentenced to death Cardand for allegedly helping Iraqi authorogy troops during their 1990-91 at always occupation. The court of cassaalways occupation. The cours and series on the top appeal court, said scenes and tion, the top appearance is would deliver a decision on terrible a reason for temble The June 6 but gave no reason for be protected a ruling the delay. It pestponed a ruling ing There at its previous hearing on the only songly case on April 11, also without the date that case on April 11, also without e days what expanation. The state security ig to his expandation. The sale 1993 sentshe lold is enced the 10 to death for ik is due in circuit the rolling lrag's 1990 month ht invasion. It sentenced an 11th maginan & Lordanian to four years jail and pnnces = a 1,000-dinar (\$3,350) fine. screenwha. The prosecution described the ides graphe 11. believed to be of Palestiuding one at man origin, as soldiers of the the the Sinds peration Front and claimed ind most crey had helped Iraq combat

### aper quotel members of Kuwait's civilian to it called resistance. Princes & Syria rejects call Cashingur, for secret talks

Princes DAMASCUS (R) — Syria, of including rejecting Israeli Prime Minister Since the ge Yitzhak Rabin's latest call for Britain & secret talks, said Monday that ies and the peace with the Jewish state ment to hinger on israel's full withturiage of drawal from the Golan Heights. It also launched a iam Palangge No the person severe attack on Mr. Rabin accusing him of hindering the Afficación de and action achievement of progress in the Syrian-Israeli peace talks. The official daily Tishreen said Mr. Rabin's call, made in an ont Neuf interview broadcast on Sunday, was "provocative." "Syria rejected and will reject calls for secret talks, the framework of the Washington talks is the best framework..." Tishreen unrami<del>e</del>. said. Tishreen said: "Syria will Pur Rete never be dragged into partial settlements and will never bar-ខណៈ ភា**ទៃមន**ា gain on lands of the Arab brothers."

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ponels All TEL AVIV (AP) — Israel's t pignt 4 alf bilateral and indirect trade with Morocco has reached \$100 million a year, a top b b eas and fr and Trade Minister Micha F COM HE Harish said the sum, balanced between imports and exports. included textile and agriculturai trade as well as tourism by thousands of Israelis allowedinto Morocco despite the abs-

#### ence of diplomatic relations. Sritish MPs hold talks in Svria

ne first b DAMASCUS (AFP) - A dewek. legation of British Labour MPs held talks here Monday with in : prii3\*: Vice President Abdul Halim Shaddam on the Middle East prage process, the official Syoom edit rian news agency SANA said. andm: # The MPs, led by Mike Watson. greater at also visited the destroyed town mail de of Kuneitra on the Golan Heights, where Mr. Watson White He condemned Israel's annexation insi isi of the bulk of the territory. SANA said, Mr. Watson called Cition 1 for a total Israeli pullout from the strategic heights, the agency added.

#### israel blocks Palestinian ಾಂಕಟರಲ

Tik (F OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AP) — Israel has delayed implementation of the autonhale Heer' cmy accord by banning produce from the newly autonomous areas until a deal is worked out to compensate istaeli farmers for expected losses, officials said Monday. The Israel-PLO peace agreement allows for nearly unlimited trade of agriculture progucts between israel and the Palestinian self-rule in the Gaza Strip and Jericho. But Agriculture Minister Yaakov zur has delayed opening Israel's markets beyond what Palestinian farmers already sell to Israelis, said Ministry scokesman Roni Hassid.

### \*AN welcomes South Africa

CAIRO (AFP) - The Non-Aligned Movement (NAM) Monday welcomed South Africa to join the grouping of more than 100 nations, following its first all-race elections last monte, the Egyptian news agency MENA reported.

# Sanaa warns U.N. against interfering in its affairs

### **Fronts** remain calm

SANAA (Agencies) - Northern Yemen, fearing implicit U.N. recognition of its breakaway southern foes, Monday sent an envoy to tell a planned Security Council debate on the civil war that it will not permit any intervention.

The Sanaa government denounced Tuesday's scheduled Security Council consultation on Yemen as interference in Yemeni affairs.

Abdul Aziz Abdul Gahni, a member of the Presidential Council, said before he left Sanaa for New York Monday he would "put facts before the council so that the outcome of the debate will be in harmony with our people's hopes of protecting unity.' Sanaa Radio quoted him as

saying he would tell the council the war in Yemen "is an internal affair, intervention in it is not permitted... It is an armed rebellion against the constitutional legitimacy, a violation of the constitution and an aggression against people's lives, sta-bility and security."

The Sanaa government said earlier Monday it wanted to prevent the discussion by the



northern Yemeni forces (AFP photo)

council members. "We are exerting all efforts to have the question dropped from the council's agenda, so that there will be no council decision," Deputy Prime Minister Abdul Wahab Al Ounci said.

He said that if the council decided to take any action, Sanaa would prefer a council appeal rather than a resolution. If either failed to stress Yemen's unity, then the Sanaa government would reject any council decision.

The U.N. discussion was prompted by Arab states such

as Egypt and Saudi Arabia which Sanaa sees as favouring the south. These states want a U.N. resolution which calls for a truce, an arms embargo and a fact-finding mission to Yemen. The Saudi Press Agency

Monday night quoted King Fahd at a cabinet meeting as urging a peaceful end to Yemen's war. Qatar, however, urged that

the Security Council discussion on Yemen be based on rejection of a breakaway southern

The official Qatar news agency said Qatar, which has

shown sympathy for the northern president since civil war erupted wanted the debate out of concern for preserving the unity of Yemen, its stability and territorial integrity.

The report gave no details but its language indicated re-jection of the breakaway state declared by southern leaders on May 21.

Mr. Ounsi said Sanaa would have preferred a delay in any council debate to give a chance to what he said was dialogue with "moderate" members in

(Continued on page 5)

### Jordan has not taken sides on war in Yemen — Anani

By Ayman Al Safadi Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - A senior government official Monday reasserted Jordan's neutrality on the civil war in Yemen, saying the Kingdom only supports the unity of the Yemeni people and the quest for a peaceful settlement to the conflict.

"We are with legitimacy in Yemen, with the unity of its land and with respecting the reconciliation accord" which was signed in Amman in February by Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh and his then-Vice-President Ali Salem Al Beidh, Information Minister Jawad Anani told the Jordan Times Monday.

Dr. Anani said the Kingdom has not taken sides with either of the parties to the conflict, which developed into civil war on May 4. He said the official media's reference to the government in Aden as "the legitimate government" and to the forces of Mr. Beidh as the "secessionists" does not mean that the Kingdom has sided with Sanaa against Aden.

"Jordan supports the unity of Yemen," he said. It did not therefore refer to the warring parties as north and south because that "would mean you have accepted the secession, Dr. Anani said.

"We will not take a stand against legitimacy and say north and south," he said.

"The position of the official media is right. They are calling things by their name because those who declared secession are secessionists," former foreign minister, Deputy Abdullah Al Ensour told the Jordan

Insisting that this position does not mean the Kingdom has taken sides with either of the conflicting parties in Yemen, Dr. Al Ensour said "Jordan has a record of not interfering in the internal affairs of any other country."

tate

Though blaming the South for seceding, Islamic Action Front (IAF) deputy Abdul Rahim Ekour said: we did not

(Continued on page 5)

By Natasha Bakhari Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Heads of the delegations of member states to the 17th ministerial session of the U.N. Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA) Monday voted to relocate the commission's headquarters from Amman to

Beirut. Informed sources told the Jordan Times that the votes in favour of the move to Lebanon were made by Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates (UAE), Bahrain, Syria,

Kuwait, Egypt and Lebanon. ESCWA headquarters was initially situated in Beirut, but was moved to Baghdad after the outbreak of the Lebanese civil war. It was then moved to Amman in the aftermath of the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait in August 1990.

Iraq, voted alone to return the headquarters to Baghdad, said the sources. Qatar voted to have the headquarters located in Doha,

and Oman abstained from the Votes in favour of maintainquarters in Amman, according

to sources, were cast by Yemen, Palestine and Jordan. Jordan sought to call for a postponement of the vote, but of the seven votes needed to move to postponement, ex-

plained the sources, only six

were cast in favour. A yes vote for postponement by Egypt would have tipped the balance for Jordan, added the sources. According to the sources, the committee which reported

to the closed meeting express-

ed apprehensions and reservations about moving the headquarters out of Jordan. The move, sources said, is expected to take place in two

Earlier, participants to the ESCWA ministerial session discussed the restructuring and revitalisation of the United Nations in the economic and social fields, revision of the medium term plan for the

(Continued on page 3)

# Israel releases hundreds of prisoners

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Israel Monday released hundreds of Palestinian prisoners as part of its autonomy agreement with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), but there were new tensions after Israeli soldiers reported being shot at from inside the autonomous

Gaza Strip.
A soldier was killed in the incident, apparently by friendly fire, the army said. Still, Israeli officials said

they were confident despite the many difficulties that have emerged over the past two weeks in implementing selfrule in Gaza and the West Bank town of Jericho.

"We are moving in the right direction," said Uri Dromi, head of the government press office. "There is no way we can move overnight from total conflict to total reconciliation." A major threat to autonomy

is posed by armed Islamic militants who reject the agreement as a sellout and have claimed responsibility for killing two Israeli soldiers May 20, two days after Israel pulled out of Gaza and Jericho.

On Monday, the commander of the Palestinian Police Force, Maj. Gen. Nasr Yousef, for the first time openly challenged the Muslim groups, saying any of their vigilante enforcers involved in killings would be tracked down

and prosecuted. "We will chase the killers and arrest them," Mr. Yousef said after the Muslim group Hamas was blamed for the weekend slayings of two alleged collaborators with Israel.

In a statement published in the Gaza Strip, General Yousef said: "Gangs within Hamas are going about kidnapping and murdering people, as in the latest incident on Friday, when they killed Hussam Sleiman Doubs and Abdul Wahab Sobhi Radi and kidnapped another Palestinian, without any legal right to do

"We are issuing a stern warning to those who think they can attack our people and their right to security, justice and peace, as well as our right to exercise our national authority."

The two murdered men were kidnapped from Gaza City by masked gunmen on Wednesday and were found hanging Friday from electricity pylons, the first such executions since self-rule was launched this

Hamas said Sunday it would temporarily stop killing people suspected of collaborating with

Hamas said it had decided "to halt, for the time being, the pursuit of agents and their ex-ecution, in order to allow the Palestinian police to carry out their duties in this area."

But it warned that "the role of agents is turning more and more dangerous for the mujahedeen (Islamic fighters), who consider themselves in a constant struggle against the (Israeli) occupation forces." A Palestinian police official,

declining to be named, told

AFP that the pledge was not "They have not handed over the culprits of Friday's executions and we are going to launch a search for them ... not because it is Hamas but because they have broken the law

and killed people living under our authority," he said. General Yussef said earlier: "We have officially asked Hamas leaders to hand them over so we can try them. It is as much in their interest as it is in ours that they do it."

He said it was unacceptable that Hamas act as "prosecutor, lawyer, judge and hangman." On Monday the Palestinian Police arrested and beat four armed Palestinian collabor-

ators in the autonomous area

of Jericho, Palestinian sources said. However the four men carrying Uzi guns were released without any serious injury after a couple of hours when they showed Israeli passports.

According to the sources (Continued on page 5)

#### Segregation does not apply to hotels, touristic areas Deputy Abdul Rahim Al Former Minister of Youth, By Ayman Al Safadi deputy Saleh Irsheidat told Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - A draft law on youth welfare, which requires the segregation of sexes at "sports centres, including swimming pools," does not apply to hotels, public beaches or clubs, lawmakers asserted Monday.

Deputies said the draft law, which was endorsed by the Lower House of Parliament Saturday, only applies to commercial "sports training centres" and was meant to regulate this mushrooming industry which includes body building and martial arts training centres.

the Jordan Times Monday that the draft legislation will not thus "change anything on the ground since sports training centres were built with the knowledge that they will be segregated."

"The youth welfare law has nothing to do with sports activities at clubs, hotels and touristic sites because the Ministry of Youth has no jurisdiction over these places," Dr. Irsheidat said. They are governed by separate laws and regulations, he

Islamic Action Front (IAF)

Ekour agreed with Dr. Irsheidat, saying the Islamists were only concerned with having training sports centres including swimming pools

segregated. People who coach swimming should be of the same sex but we are not concerned with swimming pools at hotels and touristic areas," Dr. Ekour said.

"We are aware of coeducation at universities and we are not trying to stop that or to segregate sexes at touristic sites," said Dr. Ekour.

Echoing Dr. Irsheidat and Dr. Ekour, deputy Abdullah Al Ensour, confirmed that it

is not within the jurisdiction of the ministry of youth to decide how hotels and touristic sites operate.

The House Sunday voted down an amendment by the Upper House of Parliament (the Senate) to delete the clause requiring the segregation of sexes at sports training

Thirty-seven out of 64 deputies present at a session of the House Saturday voted in favour of maintaining the clause, which was introduced to the draft law by the Muslim Brotherhood bloc at the 11th Parliament in 1992.

Deputies said the Senate

amendment was defeated because many of the "liberal deputies" who would have supported it were absent from the session. But they expected the clause to be dropped when the two Houses meet in a joint session no later than two weeks to settle the issue.

The two Houses convene in a joint session when the Lower House turns down amendments by the Senate and the Upper House insists on to its decision. Resolutions are taken by a two-third majority of the two Houses and it "should not be difficult to obtain this majority," 10 lawmakers said.

# PLO vows to keep Jerusalem institutions open Hawks desert police training camp in protest

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) put Israel on notice Monday that it would regard any attempt to close PLO institutions in Jerusalem as a violation of their peace accord.

"We will not accept any change in the status quo," said Faisal Al Husseini, the senior PLO official in the occupied territories. He vowed that Orient House, the Palestinian headquarters in Arab East Jerusalem, would remain

PLO Executive Committee member Yasser Abed Rabbo, speaking at the organisation's Tunis headquarters, echoed Mr. Husseini's concern. "Any attempt on institutions in Jerusalem would be a dangerous measure, threatening to kill the Palestinian-Israel deal," he

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin said earlier Israel would prevent the PLO from using Jerusalem as a base for running the self-rule areas of Gaza and Jericho.

Asked at a news conference how the PLO would regard Isreli closure of Orient House, Mr. Husseini said: "This would be a violation of the (peace) agreement." Israel insists all of Jeru-

salem, including the Eastern

half of the city captured by

Israel in 1967, is the Jewish state's eternal capital. Palestinians see the city as the capital of a future state.

"We believe it will be the capital of the Palestinian state, but at the same time we are talking about a free open city,' Mr. Husseini said. Under the September peace

will be raised only when talks start on a permanent peace Mr. Husseini acknowledged the Palestinians had received no official word from Israel that it was contemplating any

deal, the issue of Jerusalem

closure of PLO facilities in Jerusalem, but he said he wanted to respond to local media reports of a possible shutdown. "We did not open this sub-

iect with the Israeli authorities because we didn't hear anything direct from them," he said. "Mr. Husseini said he be-

lieved Israel was trying to open "a new fight" against Palestinian institutions with the aim of distracting world opinion from the closure of Jerusalem to Arab residents of the selfrule areas and the occupied territories.

The city has been sealed off from the West Bank and Gaza Strip for more than a year, after a rash of Palestinian guerrilla attacks against Israelis.

Officials said Monday that Palestinian officials will look for over \$300 million of immediate aid from donors next week to jump-start self-rule in Gaza and Jericho.

The Palestinian Economic Council for Development and Reconstruction (PECDAR) denied Israeli suggestions the newly established authority might have to borrow from Israel to pay civil servants salaries next month. It said it had at least \$19 million already at its disposal.

"At the centre of meeting (with donors) will be the budget. We sent a draft to Tunis and they have worked out the details," Hassan Abu Libdeh, deputy managing director PECDAR, told Reu-

"We cannot have this meeting like the previous meetings when people put up their hands and say we will give this much. We need full commitment now," said another senior PECDAR official.

"We are looking for at least \$300 million from the meeting," he added.

Meanwhile, a senior Palesti-

nian official said that the Palestinian Authority has money to pay the June salaries of 7,000 civil servants it has inherited from the former Israeli administration of the

The statement came after Mr. Rabin warned Sunday that Israel would no longer pay the 25.000 Palestinians who worked for the Israelis in Gaza.

"Israel has already paid the May wages of the 7,000 Palestinians who were employed by the military administration, said Khader Al Khadra, the authority's legal adviser for civilian affairs.

'We have the money to pay them in June and we hope that (PLO Chairman) Yasser Arafat will come with a budget to cover the rest of the year. "But the salaries are not the

problem, the problem is to rebuild the economy of the Gaza Strip which has been destroyed during 27 years of occupation. "And to do that we hope that the countries which have

committed themselves to helping us, will do so quickly. Mr. Khadra said the 18,000 Palestinians taken on as labourers by the Israelis since March 1993 in a bid to alleviate mass unemployment had been

laid off at the end of April. Palestinian leaders in Gaza have warned that the situation is so bad in the Strip that people could starve to death. They put the unemployment rate in Gaza as high as 60 per

A spokesman for the Israeli administration said the Palesti-

nians' wages had always been paid from taxes levied on the Palestinian population, but that Israel had stopped taxing the Gaza Strip and Jericho since they became autonomous

at the start of this month. Police Minister Moshe Shahal added his own warning. The Palestinian problem in Gaza is also our problem," he said. "We cannot just stand by and I am sure we will find an

In an interview Sunday with BBC World Service radio, Mr. Rabin said: "The real problem is that the Palestinian police have not been paid."

"I don't see where the money will come from to sustain the 7,000 employees, most of whom are teachers, doctors, other public services. And I am worried.

"The money has to come from donors who are committed to paying \$2.4 billion in five years.

"But I am aware that the machinery has been created between the donors and the PLO on how the money will be channelled and accounted

for," the prime minister said. In Gaza, PLO guerrillas who joined the new police force stormed out of their training camp on Monday demanding guns to protect themselves,

(Continued on page 5)

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# Sudan's civil war enters 12th year

CAIRO (AP) — Africa's deadliest civil war is stumbling into its 12th year, with no end in sight.

Most of more than 1.5 million who have perished in Sudan have died of starvation in a nation that once had the potential of being the continent's breadbasket.

Relief groups warn that at least another 500,000 — probably more — are in imminent danger of dying in southern Sudan, the battlefield between government troops and the rebel Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA).

**Doctors Without Borders** says famine will strike unless food aid reaches southern Sudan in the next two or three weeks, when the rainy season starts in earnest.

The United Nations says two million of Sudan's 26 million people need food or farming tools. Amnesty International says, three million are malnourished in one of northeast Africa's most fertile regions.

Relief groups are calling for \$5 million in international aid to deliver food aid stuck in warehouses in Kenya because of a lack of cargo planes and impassable roads into the Horn of Africa nation.

Already, the number of dead and dying eclipse any other African crisis of recent

Both sides have used food as a weapon in Sudan's sordid war. Amnesty International and other human rights group accuse both sides of massacres, mass expulsions and setting whole villages afire.

The war started in May 1983, when U.S.-trained Col. John Garang led a mutiny at the army garrison at Bor, his southern Sudan hometown. and rekindled fighting between the north and the south.

Eleven years later, there's no end in sight, despite efforts by African leaders and the United States. Washington's latest move was to appoint an emissary to work with Kenya and Sudan's other east African neighbours to negotiate a ceasefire and eventually full peace.

But with a militantly fundamentalist Muslim government in Khartoum growing increasingly anti-Western over the last five years, there's little prospect of real peace.

Seven rounds of peace talks between the government and the Christian and animist rebels have failed, and international attention is diverted to Bosnia. Rwanda and else-

mid-May in Nairobi, Kenya. ended with nothing more than a non-binding declaration of

The stakes are high. A negotiated peace would likely include significant autonomy for the south under Col. Garang's Sudan People's Liberation Army or a splinter дгоир.

A government victory on the battlefield — where it has made major gains in recent months - would put a regime accused by the West of exporting Islamic fanaticism on the doorstep of largely non-Muslim central Africa.

"Is there anyone willing to see the SPLA defeated?" asked Peter Woodward, a Sudan expert at England's Reading University.

In recent months, Sudan has accused the United States, other Western countries and Israel of arming the rebels, who lost their last supplier in 1991 with the fall of the Marxist regime in neighbouring

Everybody denies it, but Sudan-watchers say there's at least something to the concept of Western support.

In March, an Israeli cargo plane loaded with 23 tonnes of arms was reported to have landed at Uganda's Entebbe Airport. Sudan said the weapons made their way into the Sudanese bush for the re-

Reading University's Wood-ward said he would add some Arab regimes to Sudanese leader Lt. Gen. Omar Hassan Al Bashir's list of alleged rebel

'I don't think they particularly want to see Sudan split," he said. "They would settle for confederation. What they really don't want to see is victory for the National Islamic Front," the ideological guide of Gen. Bashir's government.

In April, the rebels declared a breakaway state, 'New Sudan." It was the first time since the war started that Col. Garang had spelled out his goal was the division of Sudan, the largest country in Africa.

It's still unclear how serious he is, and the Sudanese govemment says it's just a negotiating ploy. Meanwhile, so many people

have fled to Juba to escape Sudan's civil war that they're growing food in the cemeteries where war victims are buried. In peacetime, Juba was a pleasant, prosperous town, population 100,000. Five times that many live here now, mostly refugees scrabbling for food to stay alive.

Henry Muni, a former laboratory technician, trekked to the southern town in 1989 with his wife, four children and 3,000 others from Terkeka, a village 45 miles (70 kms) to the north which had fallen to the rebel Sudan People's Libera-

tion Army. Mr. Muni's family got the security they sought in Juba, 735 miles (1,180 kms) south of the capital, Khartoum, but like half the six million people in southern Sudan, they're suffering from an acute food shor-

What Mr. Muni wants is neace so he can take his family home and grow their own food.

"I don't want to see my children grow up in this atmosphere of civil war," Mr. Muni said. "Poor education. Poor services. Poor nutrition.'

Many of the refugees fleeing more than 11 years of fighting between the rebels and govern-ment troops live in mud-walled houses, covered by green canvas left behind by relief agencies long ago. The houses are everywhere, nestled among government buildings, functionaries' houses, mosques and churches built in happier

Mr. Muni was given land and seeds through a government programme to help the displaced grow their food, but he says he needs at least four acres (1.6 hectares).

Paulino Lako Kidiya, Juba's state agriculture minister, says there just isn't enough land to go around. Already he's had to allocate cemetery plots for

Although the government claims the 60 miles (100 kms) around Juba are secure, only expensive air transport can supply its markets because rebels still control much of the countryside.

The market has mangos, pawpaws, pineapples, and bananas, but for a price. A sack of sorghum, the

national staple, can cost 25,000 Sudanese pounds (\$71 at the official rate), almost double a month's salary for a member of Sudan's parliament. In central Sudan, north of the war zone. that same sack sells for 5,000 pounds (\$14) or less.

"Peace for me is like blood to the heart," Mr. Muni said. "Without peace, we are done with.



RUSSIAN ENVOY IN JERICHO: Dr. Vector Possouvliour (centre), envoy of Russia's President Boris Yeltsin, is escorted by Gen. Haj Ismail head of the Palestinian police in Jericho.

Possouvaliour visited the autonomous area of Jericho to discuss the development of the peace process (AFP photo)

### 'Israeli airman may have been killed'

BEIRUT Agencies) — Israeli air-man Ron Arad may have been killed by his captors or died in captivity, a former chief of the Lebanese Muslim fundamentalist group Hizbollah was quoted Monday as saying.

"I don't think anyone gains from hiding him (Arad), therefore the probability strengthens that he either died or was killed," Sheikh Sobhi Al Tofeili told Beirut's Ad Diyar daily newspaper.

"Some people say that he is with the Syrians but they not only denied it, they also sear-

ched for him. Therefore it is probable that Arad was killed or died," added Mr. Tofeili. "The man disappeared almost at the time of the (Israeli) attack on Maydoun and there may have been a reaction from some guards to kill him in an hour of anger," Mr. Tofeili said. "There is no

clue for this talk but I am trying to solve the riddle." Maydoun is a village in the Bekaa Valley where an Israeli attack killed about 40 people in 1988. Arad was captured after his plane was downed over South Lebanon in 1986.

Tofeili was secretary-general of the pro-Iranian Hizbollah (Party of God) between 1988 and 1990. He fell out with the group's leadership in 1992 and has since been on the sidelines.

Israeli commandos last week kidnapped Muslim militant leader Mustapha Al Dirani, whose men captured Arad but later handed him to an unknown group.

Hizbollah has denied holding Arad or having any information on him. Its present leader, Sheikh Hassan Nasrallah, said Dr. Dirani's abduction would not solve the riddle.

### Rabin concerned over lack of funds for autonomy

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — The Palestinian self-rule areas of Gaza and Jericho will face a financial crisis when Israel stops paying salaries there on June 1, Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin said in an interview broadcast Sunday.

Doctors and teachers are among those who might not be paid, he said, saying he feared disturbances could break out if public services collapsed and people went hungry.
"I don't see where from the

money will come to sustain the 7.000 employees of the (former Israeli) civil administration, Mr. Rabin told BBC World Service Television.

He said the Palestine Liberation Organisation must understand that "no democracy in the world" would funnel funds to the autonomous areas unless the machinery was in place to ensure donations reached their proper destina-

Ahmad Tibi, a senior adviser to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, told Reuters the cash situation was serious.

"If donor countries do not start paying what they pledged, Palestinian institutions in Gaza and Jericho will collapse very soon, within days," Mr. Tibi

A World Bank report said the international community had pledged \$720 million to support the first year of selfrule in the two areas, which gained autonomy two weeks ago under the Israel-PLO peace accord.

Mr. Rabin said the real problem was in the leadership of the PLO which he said had never been in a position of responsibility where it had to address of the complaints of a community. "They don't know the mean-

ing of responsibility to find jobs, to find food, to find housing, to solve problems in education," he said. "And secondly, they have no experience of having a budget." In Tunis, a Palestinian offi-

cial said the new Palestinian National Authority (PNA) would "start work on the ground" this week when some of its members returned to the West Bank and the Gaza Strip. after its first meeting in Tunis.

Samir Ghoushe, the PNA minister of labour, told Reuters: "Some PNA members: e returning today (Sunday) o the West Bank and Gaza St ip to start their new jobs. Thuse exiled will go later but have to start planning new structures

and preparing budgets."
Mr. Rabin said Sunday that the gap between Israel and Syria in the search for a peace settlement was still "wide and deep."
"The time has arrived for

the Syrians to talk directly to

us, out of the limelight of the media, in a way really to get to the essence of the problems. There is no sign so far they want to go that way," he said. "So far the gap between the Syrian position and approach

to us is wide and deep," Mr. Rabin said in the interview. "If the Syrians believe the United States will deliver Israel, they don't understand the reality of relations between us and Washington," he said, referring to the U.S. role as

East peace process. He added that U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher was expected back in the region around June 12 for another peace mission.

chief sponsor of the Middle

The two countries have failed to make progress, with Syria insisting first on a total Israeli withdrawal from the annexed Golan Heights and Israel demanding an initial Syrian pledge for full peace.

### NEWS IN BRIEF

#### U.K. says Iran must behave well

LONDON (R) - Iran must be seen to follow international law and not to back guerrilla movements in other states, Britain's Junior Foreign Minister Douglas Hogg was quoted as saying Monday. "It is very important that the Iranians adhere to the normal rules that govern the relations of one state to another, such as the rights and territorial integrity of neighbouring Gulf countries," Mr. Hogg was quoted by the London-based Al Quds Al Arabi newspaper as saying. "It is certain that any evidence... of support by Iran for terrorism would be extremely disturbing," said Mr. Hogg, who summoned Iran's charge d'affaires in London Gholamreza Ansari last month to protest about reported covert contacts between Iran and Irish Republican Army (IRA) guerrillas. Mr. Hogg, a British minister of state who is responsible for the Middle East, was due to begin a tour of Iran's Gulf Arab neighbours Bahrain, Qatar and Kuwait Monday. Iran is currently en-meshed in a dispute with the United Arab Emirates over three small islands in the Gulf, over which both states claim sovereignty. British officials have declined to comment on a report in the Guardian newspaper last week that the British government secretly expelled an Iranian diplomat. Relations between Britain and Iran hit a low over a ruling by the late Ayatollah Khomeini that British author Salman Rushdie should be killed for blaspheming Islam in his novel The Satanic Verses. Iran broke off ties over the issue in 1989, and relations resumed at charge d'affaires level in 1990. "We are concerned to establish good relations with Iran as an important Gulf country and an important market," Al Quds Al Arabi quoted Mr. Hogg as saying.

#### Peres starts visit to Colombia

BOGOTA (R) - Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres arrived in Colombia for a two-day official visit to sign technical cooperation agreements and review bilateral relations, radio and local news agency reports said. Mr. Peres, who arrived in Bogota on the day Colombians were electing a new president, was met at the airport by his Colombian counterpart Noemi Sanin, Caracol Radio reported. Asked about Middle East peace. Mr. Peres said he belived it could only be achieved through deeds, not words or declarations, the Colprensa News Agency said. During his stay, Mr. Peres will receive an honorary doctorate from Bogota's Javeriana University and meet Colombia's Jewish community.

#### Iran police seize 4,800 liters of alcohol

TEHRAN (AFP) — Police seized 4,800 liters of alcohol east of here and arrested a Muslim and a Christian-Armenian, newspapers said here Monday. The two suspects were manufacturing alcoholic beverages on a "large scale" in a residential property near the capital, the papers said. Iran has strictly imposed a ban on alcohol since the 1979 Islamic Revolution, although locally-produced and imported alcoholic drinks are widely available on the black market.

### 2 UAE emirates agree mutual border

DUBAI (R) — Two small members of the United Arab Emirates have agreed the demarcation of a border between them, local newspapers reported Monday. The emirates of Umm Al Qaiwain and Ras Al Khaimah, on the northeastern tip of the Arabian peninsula, signed an agreement over the border Sunday, newspaper said. The two emirates lack the substantial hydrocarbon reserves of larger UAE members Abu Dhabi and Dubai although Ras Al Khaimah produces small amounts of oil and gas. The UAE, a federation committee formerly under British protection, was created in the early 1970s. The other members are Sharjah, Ajman and

### Algerian court sentences 13 to death

TUNIS (R) - A special court in Algiers condemned 13 fugitive Muslim fundamentalists to death, the official Algerian News Agency (APS) said. They included Abdul Kader Chabouti, Said Makhloufi and Azzeddine Baa, who are widely believed to be leaders of the main fundamentalist guerrilla groups and were also tried in their absence and sentenced to death last year for kiling nine people with a bomb at Algier's airport. Algeria's special courts were set up in 1992 as part of the government's struggle with Islamic radicals. More than 480 fundamentalists have been condemned to death in Algeria since early 1992 when the authorities cancelled a general election in which the Islamists had taken a huge lead: Twenty-six have been put to death. The Algiers special court also sentenced five militants to life terms, APS said. They included Yekhlef Charrati, 37, who was propaganda head of the now-banned Islamic Salvation Front. He was arrested in March and accused of circulating videotapes urging soldiers and policemen to desert. The daily Liberte reported that gunmen abducted and killed magistrate Moussa Eridha and his nephew Friday in Reghaia, around 25 kilometres southeast of Algiers. They kidnapped the nephew first and forced him to knock on his uncle's door. When the magistrate answered they dragged him out and killed him. The nephew died Saturday from his wounds, Liberte added.

### Women's treatment in Bosnia condemned:

MARRAKESH, Morroco (AFP) - An internation women's conference here condemned the treatment of women in war-torn Bosnia Sunday at its inaugural meeting attended by hundreds of women ministers, deputies and intellectuals. The meeting of women from Europe and the Mediterranear also said the international community had a duty to defend Bosnia-Herzegovina's territorial integrity. Attacking "barbarous aggression" which has wracked the former Yugoslav republic for more than two years, the conference expressed 'complete solidarity" with victims of "inhumane treatment, particularly women. In a declaration the delegates welcomed the Palestinian autonomy accord signed by Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation to cover the Gaza Strip and West Bank town of Jericho.

### Israelis uncertain about post-occupation future

By Marjorie Olster Reuter

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM - Though their troops have pulled out of Jericho and most of Gaza, Israelis are neither dancing nor demonstrating in the streets. The Israeli handover to

Palestinians made history. But

after 27 years of occupation, Israelis uncertain about their future greeted it with resounding silence. This is what you sense in society - no joy at all, profound uncertainty about the

future." Jewish philosopher David Hartman told Reuters in an interview. "Are we dealing with an enemy who can become a friend? Or are we dealing with someone just playing games? This, he said, is what Israelis

Israelis heave a collective sigh of relief watching their young soldiers leave perilous Gaza refugee camps. Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin speaks of shifting priorities. Foreign Minister Shimon Peres forecasts a new and improved Middle East.

But unease and nagging doubts remain over whether the withdrawal will lav a foundation for true peace.

The May 4 agreement be-tween Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) gave Palestinians their first measure of independence since 1967 — self-rule in Gaza and the West Bank enclave of For Israelis the barometer of

the deal's success is their security.

Political analysts forecast that persistent violence will prompt a strong Israeli back-

lash against Palestinian selfrule and against extending it to other parts of the West Bank.

Israelis remain deeply suspicious of their new partners in peace — the PLO and its Chairman Yasser Arafat. Israeli leaders have invested little effort in preparing public opinion for a new reality.

### **NEWS ANALYSIS**

The killing of two Israeli soldiers after the pullout by Palestinians opposed to the peace deal hardened Israeli scepticism. So did Mr. Arafat's May 10 speech calling for a "jihad" (holy war or struggle) over Jerusalem.

"Here's the ambivalence: Have these people changed? Have these people gone through a metamorphosis in which they've realised that Israel is not just... an episode that will pass away," Mr. Hartman said.

Despite uneasiness about the future, supporters of the peace accord express relief at the first concrete step to end Israeli rule over rebellious Palestinians. Mr. Peres said Israel was

correcting a "tremendous mistake" by leaving Gaza. Even the tough-talking Rabin acknowledged in a mo-

ment of reflection that Israel's army had become "an army of occupation.

Over the course of the occupation. Israeli euphoria over the 1967 six-day war victory melted away amid world condemnation of Israeli military rule over nearly two million Palestinians.

"The majority of Israelis are not interested in occupation. are not interested in conquering another people. There are no hero stories, no heroes came out of that," Mr. Hartman said.

In 1968 the radical Israeli philosopher Yeshayahu Leibowitz predicted prolonged Israeli rule over the Palesti-nians would "bring about a catastrophe for the Jewish people as a whole...

"The administration would have to suppress Arab insurgency on the one hand and acquire Arab quislings on the

Twenty years later, the Palestinian intifada against Israel erupted in Gaza and spread to the West Bank. 'The intifada brought home

the ugly price of this celebra-tion of grandiosity," Mr. Hart-man said.

The revolt tured the strongest army in the Middle East into a police force shooting at crowds of Palestinian children who rained stones on them.

American-born Israeli psychologist Charlie Greenberg, who has studied the effects of the intifada, said mounting Israeli casualties ultimately pushed the government to withdraw. "(It was) get out of Gaza

because our soldiers are being killed not because of what we are doing to the Palestinians. However a great amount of discomfort and moral conflict does lead to political change," Mr. Greenberg said.

'Israelis want to be moral. good people. What we have to do is to take him (the Israeli) out of the situation which for 26 years he could not handle in any moral or effective way."

### JORDAN TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19

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PROC	RAMME TWO
17:36	Envoye Special
19:00	News in French
19:15	Grands Galops
19-30	News in Hebrew
29:89	News in Arabic
20:30	Step by Step
21:10	Moon Over Miami
	News in English
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### **ARRIVALS** Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

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HUAZ RAILWAY TRAIN



speaks to reporters about the June 7 meeting to

### Meeting to discuss participation at world conference on women

AMMAN (J.T.) - A national conference will convene June 7 to discuss Jordan's participation at the international women's conference scheduled for September 1995 in Beijing. Her Royal Highness Princess Basma announced Monday.

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The conference shall group the largest number of men and women involved" in order to cover all the issues that will come up in Beijing's gathering. the Princess said.

She said an executive office had been formed to act as a coordination link between the various bodies, official and non-official, that will participate in the 1995 gathering.

Princess Basma, who is going to head Jordan's delegation to Beijing, said that Sha-dia Nusseir, of the Queen Alia Fund for Social Development, will head the executive office.

Ms. Nusseir said her office will, in addition to coordinating the work of all governmen-tal departments and nongovernmental organisations (NGOs), seek to raise funding for the preparation for and

participation at Beijing. . The office will also furnish a media committee, formed yesterday by representatives of major media bodies in the country, with information.

According to Salwa Nasser, a member of the executive office, the June 7 meeting will discuss several papers that would form the basis for Jordan's national p or to be pre-sented at the Beijing confer-

These would include women's rights, women and Islam, women in the rural areas and the role of institutions in bolstering the role of women in society. About 500 delegates from all parts of the country will par-

ticipate in the June 7 meeting

that will be held at Queen Zein

Al Sharaf Complex. Another two conferences on the regional level will be held in November, Ms. Nusseir said. One will be for the countries of the region in coordination with the U.N. Economic and Social Commission for

Western Asia (ESCWA) and

the second for NGOs.

The international conference on women, which was held for the first time in Mexico in 1975, then in Copenhagen in 1980 and Nairobi in 1985, is being held under the theme "Development-Peace-

### Interior minister to visit Baghdad

AMMAN (Petra) - Interior Minister Salaméh Hammad Monday announced that he would be leaving for Baghdad loday, accepting an invitation from his Iraqi counterparte... Wataban Ibrahim Al Hassan.

Mr. Hammad said they would discuss Jordanian-Iraqi relations and several questions

The minister will head a Jordanian delegation grouping ministry and the Public Security Department (PSD).

According to Mr. Hammad, the Ministry of Interior has prepared studies and conducted research on the application of the governmentsponsored decentralisation system in Jordan.

"We have enlisted the assistand we are approaching the United Nations to help us in a field study in one of the Kingdom's governorates, to serve

as a nucleus for the application of the system later in the other governorates," said Mr. Hammad in a lecture he delivered at the Royal War College. In his lecture, entitled "Jor-

dan's Domestic Policies," Mr. Hammad reviewed the ministry's arrangements to begin the decentralisation process, stresthat the system would make each governorate financially and administratively independent from the central authority in Amman.



Ben Ashman and Judy Leden Monday are escorted to the Marka Airport terminal by Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd and Minister of Tourism Mohammad Adwan after landing their microlights in Amman (photo by Rana Husseini)

### Microlight team lands at Marka for cancer research campaign

welcome by Chief Chamber-

By Rana Husseini Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The British microlight team of Ben Ashman and Judy Leden, accompanied by a two-man crew. Monday touched down gracefully at Marka Airport. completing a two-week mission for their friend Yasmin Saudi who died of cancer in February.

"Last year we came with Yasmin to visit Jordan, and she organised this trip because it was something she wished to do. But sadly she died before accomplishing the trip, and we finished it for her," Mr. Ashman told re-

porters shortly after landing. Yasmin's wish was to raise money for cancer research by flying, and to document the flight on film, said her flight colleagues. So their mission was named "Flight for Life."

The microlight crew arrived to a joyous and tearful lain Prince Ra'd Bin Zeid, who deputised for His Majesty King Hussein, Minister of Tourism Mohammad Adwan, and a crowd of about 100, including Yasmin's parents, members of the Royal Jordanian Gliding Club and students from the Ahliya School for Girls.

"I wish to congratulate the world champions on behalf of His Majesty King Hussein for successfully finishing their humanitarian effort to carry the soul of Yasmin to Jordan." Prince Ra'd said addressing the pilots and re-

Ms. Leden, who could not hold back her tears when she met Yasmin's parents, told the Jordan Times that this was a very emotional mo-

ment in her life. "This is what we do best fly - and we have done the best thing in our lives — fly

for her (Yasmin)," said the 35-year-old hang glider

Ms. Leden added that this was the first time the duo had travelled such a long dis-

The flying volunteers crossed through nine countries on their journey to Jordan. "We had good weather,

and bad weather, but at the end of the trip it was a wonderful sight to be in Jordan again," said Ms. Leden.

"Flight for Life" is intended to raise money for the Cancer Research Campaign. The group will spend 10

days in Jordan on a programme that includes a visit to the Royal Jordanian Gliding Club (RIGC), an airshow and open day for public flying at RIGC, a visit to Al Amal Cancer Centre, flights over Petra, Wadi Rum, Ajloun, Jerash and Amman and school visits.

# Lebanon, Jordan and Syria should coordinate better on peace — Bouez

By Natasha Bukhari Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The Syrian-Lebanese-Jordanian. special relationship is characterised by its united stand towards the peace process, said Lebanese Foreign Minister Faris Bouez, but better coordination is necessary, he

Speaking to journalists Monday at the Forte Grand Hotel, Mr. Bouez said that he met with Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali on Monday to discuss Lebanese-Jordanian economic relations as well as the latest developments in the Arab-Israeli

"Jordan and Lebanon have good relations (but ) they (the relations) need to be technically organised," said the minister, adding that the Jordanian government proved a high level of credibility in dealing with the peace process.

But Mr. Bouez said, par-

ties involved in the peace process should have better coordination. "No party should move so fast without waiting for others," said the visiting minister.

Mr. Bouez is participating

in the U.N. Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA) 17th ministerial session which opened

in the capital on Sunday. Mr. Bouez expressed disappointment in what he saw as the Israeli unwillingness to show commitment towards a just and lasting peace in the region, pointing as evidence to the recent Israeli warplane attacks in Southern Lebanon following the abduction of a Shiite Muslim leader last

News reports said that about 40 Israeli commandos flew two helicopters deep behind Syrian and Lebanese army lines to snatch guerrilla chief Mustafa Dirani from his home in the village of Qsar-

Saying that such violations of the security of Lebanon were unacceptable, Mr. Bouez added that the Lebanese government has urged the U.N. Security Council to stop these violations in Lebanon.

"Lebanon refuses to submit to Israel," said Mr. Bouez, adding that despite the sensitive Lebanese-Israeli situation, Beirut has been careful to isolate peace talks

receives Lebanese Foreign Minister Faris Bouez

(right) in a meeting attended by Minister of State

from internal conflicts.

Asked about the status of Palestinian refugees in Lebanon, the minister said that the media has misinterpreted

the entire matter. He said the Lebanese government has no intention of evacuating Palestinians from Lebanon, but still insists on their right to self-determination.

concerned party about he destiny of Palestinians, and our stand vis-a-vis Palestinians in Lebanon has not

CHANNEL II CHANGES: Jordan Television Channel II has introduced changes to the timing of its programmes designed to ensure continuity of what can be described as "family programmes" in the early evenings, according to Ibrahim Shahzadeh, acting director general of Jordan Radio and Television Corporation. Mr. Shahzadeh told the Jordan Times that the change, which takes effect June 1, involves the commencement of the French programme at 5:00 instead of 7:00 p.m. The News in Hebrew will go on the air at 7:00 p.m. instead of



# Jordan, Hungary sign agreement for cultural, scientific projects

AMMAN (Petra) — Iaazlo Kadar, Hungary's non-resident ambassador to Jordan, and Safwan Toukan, ministry of planning secretary general, Monday signed an executive programme for a Hungarianlordanian cultural and scientific agreement for the 1994-

The programme provides for the two countries to carry out cultural projects in sports, youth and social development fields as well as in higher education and education, according to Dr. Toukan.

In a statement after the signing ceremony, Dr. Toukan said the two sides pledged to encourage the exchange of educational materials, school textbooks and publications on Arabic and Islamic literature.

Hungary pledges to offer Jordanian students four scholarships to study science, medicine and engineering at Hunga-

would offer two scholarships to Hungarian students each year to study Arabic and I: mic religion, said Dr. Toukan.

Also, the two sides pledged to exchange visits by youth and sports groups as well as theatre, artistic and music troupes and discuss cooperation in social development and speicapped, Dr. Toukan added.

### (Continued from page 1)

**ESCWA** to move

period 1992-1997 and revision of the programme of work and priorities for the biennium 1996-1997.

During discussions on the designation of sectoral focal points of the commission's economic and social development programme, participants agreed that a general coordination plan between member states and their governments has to be structured.

"It is agreed that we need to establish bridges of communications between the concerned parties" to make possible the application of ESCWA programmes, said Minister of Planning Ziad Fariz who is

heading the session. Iraqi, Syrian, Egyptian and Qatari representatives stressed the importance of making comprehensive research studies on the exploitation of water in the region, saying that the issue of water management is one of the most vital points in the regions' economic relations.

Also on Monday's agenda was the financial status of the

ESCWA Chief Administrator John Truman said the initial appropriations for ESCWA's regular budget for the biennium 1992-1993 approved by the General Assembly amounted to \$US 50,660,600. In 1993, he added, the commission estimated a saving of \$US 12,432,700 from this initial appropriation.

The savings were the result of several factors, Mr. Truman

They include "a freeze on recruitment, restrictions on travel of staff on official business, restrictions on the hiring of consultants, differences in post-adjustment for the professional staff between Iraq and Jordan, and differences in General Service salary scale

between Iraq and Jordan." The increasingly serious financial crisis, faced by the United Nations in recent years is clearly reflected in the decreasing amounts allocated to ESCWA by the major sources

of extrabudgetary funds, Mr. Truman said. The major sources of extrabudgetary funds for the past four bienniums have been the United Nations Development Progran.me (UNDP), the United Nations Population Fund (UN-FPA), the United Nations Development Fund for Women (UNIFEM), the government of the Netherlands and the government of France.

Yet, contribution from these sources have steadily declined. In the biennium 1992- 1993, these resources amount to \$US 1,218,350.

The financial situation of the regular budget was also addressed. Mr. Truman stressed the need for member states to "pay their contributions as soon as possible," as the financial situation is only manageable until August 1994.

The work of the 17th session, which addresses economic and social development programmes for its 13 member states, will be concluded today after delegations from the representative countries adopt the report of the commission on.

ENHANCING RELATIONS: Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali Monday receives at the prime ministry the South Korean president's envoy, Su Jil-Park. Dr. Majali and the envoy reviewed relations between Jordan and South Korea and means of enhancing them. Mr. Park commended the Jordanian tion in the Middle East peace process (Petra photo)

### Royal Decree approves 2,710 new jobs

AMMAN (Petra) — A Royal Decree Monday was issued approving the general structure of jobs in various ministries and government departments and creating another 2,710 jobs. Abdul Rahman Al Ajlouni, director of the General Budget Department, said that with the new jobs, government departments will now have between 4,000 and 5,000 vacant positions to fill. The total number of government posts now stands at 118,527, with the Ministry of Education employment roster accounting for the major share, said Mr. Ajlouni. He said that of the 2,710 new jobs, 1,000 will go to the Ministry of Education, and that the Ministry of Health will take the next largest allotment of 700 new posts.

### WHAT'S GOING ON

### TV5 PROGRAMME

☆ A variety programme transmitted by TV5 Europe station entitled "Fant Pas Rever" at the French Cultural Centre at

### EXHIBITIONS

- ☐ Installation entitled "Ephemerics of a Circle" by artist Noël Favrelière at Darat Al Funun of the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation in Jabal Luweibdeh at 5:00 p.m. (Tel. 643251/
- ☆ Exhibition of paintings by disabled children at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- Exhibition of paintings by 20 Jordanian and Iraqi artists (including Widad Orfali, Hussein Da'sek, Waddah Al Ward, Adnan Al Hilu and Mahmoud Hussein) at Orfali Art Gallery in Umm Uthaina (Tel. 826932). ☆ Exhibition by 46 artists entitled "He, Bonjour Monsieur €a
- Fotaine" at the French Cultural Centre.  $\Rightarrow$  Exhibition of water colour paintings by artist Itab Hreib and
- another exhibition of ceramics by Sajida Al Mashaiki at Ain Art Gallery in Wadi Sagra (Tel. 644451, 652823).
- ☆ Exhibition by artist Helmi El-Touni at Baladna Art Gallery

☆ Syrian film in Arabic entitled "Al Tahaleb" (The Moss) at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation in Jabal Amman at 7:30

### **NEWS HIGHLIGHTS**

ABC News Highlights and MacNeil-Lehrer News Hour at the American Center at 5:00 p.m.

### **CORRECTION**

A photo caption which appeared in yesterday's Jordan Times, reporting that Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali deputised for His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan in opening the Jordanian Cardiac Society's second conference, was incorrect. Dr. Majali in fact deputised for His Majesty King Hussein. The Jordan Times apologises for the error.

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### Summer too hot for deputies

IT IS summer time, so the subject of sexsegregated swimming pools surfaced as a timely subject for the Lower House of Parliament. The occasion for debating segregation again presented itself when the Upper House sent back the draft Youth Welfare Law to the Chamber of Deputies with the article calling for separating sexes at swimming pools notably deleted. This action by the Senate and the heat of the summer must have combined to cause a flurry by the deputies who chose to defend the original text which was passed by the House.

The House's Judiciary Committee jumped into the fray on the side of segregation when it concluded that separating men from women in such public places as swimming pools that "conforms with our Islamic values and the deeply-rooted morals of our society."

Whether in fact desegregation on beaches and around swimming pools per se runs counter to the letter and spirit of Islam is something that only learned men of religion can answer. But before that, there may be a point or two that need to be mentioned. To begin with, there can be no sensible distinction between swimming in public or private pools as long as they are geared to serve the public. Secondly, there can be no acceptable differential treatment between swimming in pools or in the sea, including of course the beaches of Aqaba and the Dead Sea. If men and women swimming together in pools is taboo, then it follows that desegregated swimming in the sea must also be viewed as illegal.

Extending this criterion to its logical conclusion would necessarily mean that Jordanians and non-Jordanians must comply with this dictum because there can be no way to draw a line between nationals and foreigners practising this sport in Jordan. What this attitude would do to our tourism industry must be kept in

But what is even more important than lost revenues from tourism that would naturally ensue should we go ahead and put a curtain between male and female swimmers is the social implications and consequences of any such decision. It so happens that Jordanians who travel abroad swim in desegregated pools and beaches including those who would rather have us swim separately. If girls and boys cannot share a swimming pool or a beach, then they may not appear together in a sport event when wearing shorts or trunks is absolutely necessary. Where to draw the line is not going to be easy or functional. If morality and fidelity are what occupy the minds of the people's deputies, then there must be a better way to accomplish these noble goals without resorting to gimmicks that could only undermine personal freedoms and the right to choose one's way of life in our society.

### **ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES**

NOW THAT the Israelis are involved in dealing with the Palestinian self-rule question in Gaza and Jericho, Washington does not seem enthusiastic about the resumption of Arab-Israeli peace negotiations, according to a columnist in Al Ra'i daily. What the United States is interested in at the moment is to persuade the Syrians to follow the example of the Palestinians and enter into secret negotiations with the Israeli leaders over the future of the Golan Heights, said Tareq Masarweh. U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher had hoped to initiate a shuttle diplomacy between Syria and Israel with the hope of paving the ground for secret contacts, but he was met with a solid and obstinate stand on the part of Damascus that thwarted such an evil attempt, said the writer. It goes without saying that the initiating of secret talks would automatically mean the end of the Madrid concept and the start of an unorthodox approach that would lead to a separate treaty with the Zionists, added the writer. Perhaps Israel has accepted the Madrid conference as a mere tactic but, in the light of its current practices, said the writer. Israel is proving to the whole world that it still holds on to its strategy in dealing with the separate Arab parties to achieve its goals.

THERE is no question now that certain elements are fuelling the North-South Yemeni conflict through propaganda campaigns or through the supply of arms to either side, said Al Dustour daily Monday. The paper said that those muddling in the Yemeni affairs hope to achieve selfish interests for themselves and for seeing Yemen disunited again, said the paper. Despite this fact, the paper said, there are signs from ing in the offing about possible dialogue between the warring sides that could help the Yemeni people reach the end of the dark tunnel. The Arab Nation as a whole would like to see the Yemenis retaining the numerous gains they attained by forging their unity and an end to bloodshed as soon as possible, said the paper. Therefore, the only hope for an end to the strife, it said, lies with the leaders in Sanaa and Aden who have been sending out feelers for possible dialogue to end

### Civil war threatens Kurdish self-rule

By Leslie Plommer Jonathan Rogman

IRAQI KURDISTAN is on a hair-trigger, fearful that the next factional spark will un-leash a civil war which the region's government — its authority destroyed by party rivalries after exactly two years in existence - could not stop.

Reports from northern Iraq say the fragile ceasefire between peshmerga militias is being sustained only by

intensive daily negotiation.

The tension follows a sudden outbreak of fighting earlier this month, which left up to 300 people dead and profoundly shook the Kurdish area, declared a "safe haven" under allied aerial protection from Baghdad after the Gulf

So far is the rift from being healed between the two antagonistic government parties — Jalal Talabani's Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (PUK) and Massoud Barzani's Kurdistan Democratic Party (KDP) - that Mr. Talabani is refusing to return to Kurdistan from Syria.

"The experiment in (Kur-

dish) self-rule has failed," said a non-Kurdish mediator involved in the unremitting negotiations to prevent new fighting. The only hope, he added, lay in the enhanced

stature of the Iraqi National Council (INC), the coalition of Kurdish, Shiite and Sunni groups opposing President Saddam Hussein's Baghdad Complaints about him had been growing since he led an attack last December in

The INC, is playing a crucial role in negotiations, and its mainly Shiite militiamen are acting as peacekeepers between the KDP in the west and the PUK in the east. Moderates from both sides are reported to want the INC to take a bigger role in governing the region.

While a local land squabble

fighting, the conflict springs from the failure to resolve the longstanding divide between clans associated with Mr. Talabani and Mr. Barzani. For the past year, their parties have been clawing power back from the govern-

apparently set off the original

ment they formed after the euphoric elections in May 1992. The latest conflict has left the government close to

being an empty shell.

"Party interests have prevailed on both sides in this whole sorry affair," the mediator said.

A complicating factor appears to be the possibility of a split within Mr. Talabani's PUK as shown by the role in the fighting played by the defence minister, Jabar

which more than 300 Islamic militants were killed and the headquarters of the Islamic Movement in Irbil ransacked. He is also thought to have been involved in an incident where about 60 Iraqi soldiers were killed. "Farman had been asked by the KDP and PUK to

leave the defence post because of (what happened) last said the mediator, who belongs to neither party and criticises excesses on both sides. "He was about to be sent on leave for three months. Then the land dispute happened, and he struck," moving in to support one side, while his forces also murdered 28 KDP supporters.

Several leading members of the PUK support the ceasefire and are apparently at odds with Mr. Farman. What

remains a mystery is whether the defence minister is a maverick or is acting with the support of Mr. Talabani.
The United States air force

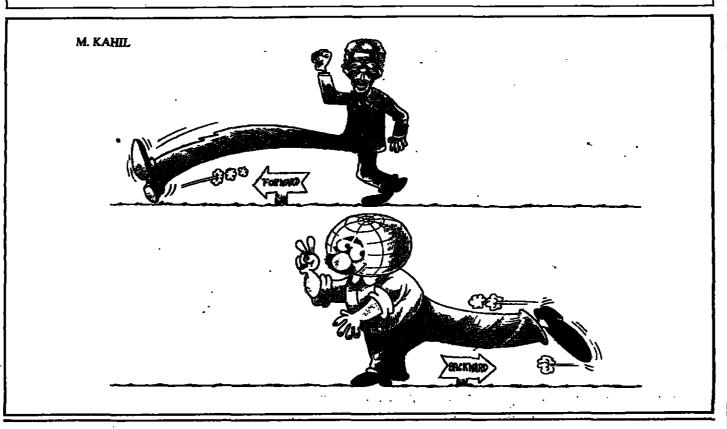
is reported to be ready to fly Mr. Talabani to the Iraqi border town of Zakho or the Turkish town of Silopi, but he has said his safety cannot be guaranteed in the KDPcontrolled area on the Syrian and Turkish borders.

He is insisting that only an escort led by Mr. Barzani will induce him to come back, but the KDP leader beleives this would make him look a sup-

The two places most at risk of becoming the next flash-point are the road between Irbil and the PUK stronghold of Sulaimaniyah, and the central mountain resort town of

Shaqlawa. Brouwen Lewis, the field director of Save the Children in northern Iraq, said the aid organisation's work around Shaqlawa had stopped com-pletely because of the risk to local staff. "The PUK are sitting on the hills with antiaircraft guns and the KDP are on the next range of hills beyond that," she said.

The Guardian



# New challenges ahead for S. Africa

By Ian Mackenzie Reuter

JOHANNESBURG -South Africa's membership in the South African Development Community (SADC) will bring problems as well as benefits for 10 nations that originally found-

ed the group to break economic dependence on Pretoria. South Africa is expected to join SADC at the group's annual summit in the Tanzanian town of Arusha in late

August...
"There will be challenges and problems, but in the end we think the benefits should outweigh the problems," said SADC spokesman Kgosink-

we Moesi. "For one thing, it will mean now that the whole region is on the road to integration, in the past, it has been moving at half speed because all the countries were not there," he told Reuters from SADC headquarters in the Botswana capital

SADC was originally formed as the Southern African Development Coordina-

tion Committee (SADCC) in 1980 by nine "front line" states — Namibia joined on independence in 1990 — to lessen economic dependence

on apartheid South Africa. The other SADC members are Lesotho, Swaziland, Botswana, Zimbabwe, Zambia, Mozambique, Angola, Malawi and Tanzania, most of which were victims of Pretoria's destabilisation policies over the years.

They succeeded in their objective of fostering sanctions that eventually helped bring black majority rule to South Africa. But they basically failed to loosen economic ties with the continent's southern powerhouse.

There has been considerable debate within the group, which changed to a more formal structure renamed SADC in 1992, over South Africa's membership.

Fears have been expressed of being swamped by the economy of a country that has a gross domestic product more than three times that of the other 10 countries.

"If we are not careful, South Africa will continue to

different party made up of

For the socialists pledged

expertise and, despite their

absolute majority in parlia-

ment, promised to form the

widest possible coalition

based on a broad national

different people.

dominate the region, but you must also bear in mind that with the SADC approach to integration, the interests of the weaker countries will be taken care of," Mr. Moesi

Regional officials said Western donors preferred to provide aid for infrastructure development on a regionwide basis, rather than to individual countries. Donors have also indicated a democratic South Africa should be a part of the region.

There are still a number of unanswered questions, including South Africa's relations with the 21-nation Preferential Trade Area of Eastern and Southern Africa (PTA) — SADC's main economic rival but to which most SADC countries also belong.

Some analysts question whether South Africa should not in fact be joining the Lusaka-based PTA rather than SADC.

"South Africa joining SADC is not to their advantage in any way if they want a market all the way up to Cairo, unless South Africa finds it easier to impose itself and dictate its terms to other members of SADC..."a Lusaka-based African diplomat said.

South African Trade and Industry Minister Trevor Manuiel said it was unacceptable to have an "island of prosperity," south of the Limpopo River and there was a need ot stimulate economies throughout the region.

Regional analysts said President Nelson Mandela's African National Congress felt a debt of gratitude to neighbouring black states that had helped the movement during its struggle against apartheid.

But they also noted it was against Pretoria's own interests to have a poor region in which a relatively prosper-ous South Africa could be swamped by a massive influx of unemployed from neighbouring states.
Mr. Manuel indicated

South Africa foresaw some restructuring in the region, with a possible hint on relations with the PTA, when he spoke of "a plethora of organisations across southern

By Eszter Szamado Agence France Presse

BUDAPEST - Sunday's

convincing election victory by

the reformed Communist

### Hungary goes left — for hope

may be seen by international analysts as a retreat from market-oriented reform, but indicated that people were longing for a change, MSZP leader Gyula Horn said. Hungarians regard it as the light at the end of the tunnel. What Westerners might in-Mr. Horn, who is tipped to terpret as Hungary following be the next prime minister, was foreign minister in the last pro-Soviet cabinet before Poland in a nostalgic lurch to

the left, Hungarians see as a hope of professional govern-ment after four years of non-Communist but incompetent the country opted for marketoriented democracy. Even though the MSZP was formed out of the reform Communists of the former The Hungarian Socialist Party (MSZP) won 208 of the pro-Soviet state party, for 386 seats in the new parlia-Hungarians the socialist vicment, with 54.15 per cent of tory does not signal a return the vote in Sunday's run-off of former Communist round in the country's second bureaucrats.
They feel that MSZP is a

High turnouts in both electoral rounds this year - 69 per cent in the first round and 55 per cent in the second against 63 per cent and 45.5 per cent respectively in 1990

free elections since the col-

lapse of pro-Soviet rule in

for liberal parties to join in

The "most natural coalifrom partner" according to Mr. Horn would be the runner-up liberal Alliance of Free Democrats (SZDSZ), which won 70 seats.

But after the socialists emerged the winners, the SZDSZ said it now felt free to choose whether it wanted to join MSZP or let it tackle mounting economic difficuities alone. If mishandled, these could drive the country into insolvency by the end of 1995, according to MSZP ex-

perts. "Coalition is a must if no party gains an absolute majority. But if there is a majority, then coalition is a choice," SZDSZ head Gabor Kuncze said, who also aspires to the premiership. He said that a national SZDSZ congress could decide next Sunday, the day after a conference convened by the MSZP to pick coali-tion partners and select a prime minister.

Much could depend on that

SZDSZ decision. If the MSZP fails to achieve its goal of a broad coalition based on national consensus, then all its en-

deavours to have itself internationally acknowledged as a progressive force are in jeopardy, analysts here asses-The MSZP has said it would continue to press for

Hungary to become a full member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) affiliation to the European Union and other European organisations.
"Never before has this

country been so much in need of Western support than now", Mr. Horn said Sunday, adding that his first official visit if elected prime minister would be to German Chancellor Heimut Kohl.

### **LETTERS**

### Condescending remarks

To the Editor:

MR. HARRIS'S letter to the editor (Jordan Times, May 29) reminded me of a most insulting comment my friends and I heard from a visiting Western tourist we happenned to meet recently at Kan Zaman. She was surprised to see that we were young Arab Muslim girls and yet (contrary to her common belief and expectation) "normal human beings." She came to this conclusion simply because we looked and dressed in a way she found "normal". Had we worn a headcover, and not spoken English, perhaps, she would have left Jordan thinking

otherwise.

The similarity between her comment and Mr. Harris's impressions" is that most Westerners, visiting or temporarily living in our part of the world, are mostly intolerant of the differences between our cultures and theirs. Any sign of going against what they are used to is immediately labelled bad or wrong. In order for them to be happy while they live amidst us, we have to conform with their way of life. If we criticise that, we are accused of being fundamentalist and anti-Western. And if we disagree with their criticism, we are considered to be narrow-minded. Give us a break!

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Just as no one's perfect, I believe no society is. I fully acknowledge that our society has its own shortcomings. But I do not feel that seeking refuge in the ideals and values of the West is the way to overcome them. In fact, it scares me to see how quickly, and rather superficially, we are moving towards being a semi-Western society. It scares me to think that the next generation (i.e. my children, one day) may even grow up in a milien that would have lost all linkage to its past beritage. thanks to our conscious and sub-conscious humility to Western politics and media.

Lessons learned from the example of the sexual revolution in Europe and the US.-clearly demonstrate that sexual freedom may relieve the pain and frustration of individuals; but how does that compare with the larger social problems that parents and government are struggling with? I do not really think that following suit is the one and only way to solve our problems. Thank you for your advice Mr. Harris, but please spare yourself the trouble. We do not need the West to hold our hand while we walk the road towards our social and cultural progress. Just as a child learns to crawl before it walks, we have to move alone; the power should come from within us. We will change as and when we are ready — and in a way that suits us. And if our present values make you feel like an alien between us, let it be. Frankly, I do not see anything more condescending than a foreigner expecting us to change so that they should live comfortably in our country. What would you think, Mr. Harris (or the American public, for that matter), if Arab students in the U.S. start requesting that Americans should adopt Arab values so that they don't feel estranged??

Name withheld upon request

### Invasion of privacy

To the Editor:

I WAS not surprised to read David Harris's letter, (Jordan Times May 29) and agree with him on most points.

As a Canadian woman living here for seven years I have faced many forms of unnecessary harassment just because I am a female, fair baired foreigner. I can't walk on the street without being walked into, things whispered in my ear or event being followed and called. I am 31 years old a mother of two and don't feel I am attractive to the extent of this annoying attention. As much as I try to ignore it, I can't. I am not

flattered and feel I have no privacy. extent. Do I have to dye my hair black and dress from head to toe just to be left alone? I don't think I should have to alter my life-style to have some privacy in my life and I think it is so

unfair that I can't just live here without being hounded by sexually obsessed men. Unfortunately, I don't think things will change for me but I hope society changes with the new generations as I don't want my daughter to face the same harassment just because she

Name withheld upon request

### Cultures differ

To the Editor:

I WOULD like to comment on the letter by David Harris (Jordan Times, May 29) letter. It would appear to any local or foreign person, whether in Jordan or abroad, that the views of Mr. Harris are valid on large scale. Although his views are constructive and helpful, where can we draw the line between a conservative society embarking on a pragmatic and careful change and a demand for quick and drastic one. We in Jordan are careful and cautious. Change is essential but we must take into consideration many factors which affect the lives of the citizens of this country.

One wonders if those who come to Jordan are fascinated by the mystic of the Middle East, to visit the historic sites or to study the culture of this country in all its aspects. Most Westerners are fascinated by the East, the desert, the castles. Certainly we in this country are proud of this reputation.

The views of Mr. Harris touch on subjects which are different. His presence in Jordan, at the University of Jordan, I assume, is to understand and study the way Jordanians think and behave. The experiences he mentioned do not reflect the attitude of this society. It would have been helpful if Mr. Harris had read and made research about Jordan before coming to this country, instead of being disappionted by certain values or attitudes which are normal to us but strange

Cultures differ. For example, holding hands between friends in Jordan is regarded as a sign of friendship while in other culture it is regarded as indecent. No one can impose restrictions on other people's culture. The trend of a society directs the attitude and the way people feel and behave. Imposing values and behaviour on a society not ready for a sudden change would have negative repercussions.

The experiences of Mr. Harris, compared to other cultures, are not that dangerous. In other cultures he would have been attacked. The people here are hospitable. Foreigners are always welcome but it would be better to observe and study the culture they came to see. Certainly, it is annoying to interfere in other people's problems and business. One can appreciate the dilemma of Mr. Harris but it would be wise for him and other visitors to avoid being angry if some Jordanians tried to initiate a discussion with them, and I can assure him and others who visit this country that it is better to know and understand the habits of our people rather than judge them against their experience.

No culture is void from certain negative aspects. Hopefully,

time would remedy such symptoms.

It is the duty of the "Ministry of Tourism to issue brochures not only about the historical sites in Jordan but also about our customs, traditions and way of life. So when guests arrive to this country they will not be disappointed about certain aspects of our culture which we take for granted and they see as

Ret. Col. Nasser Mirza,

Amman.

Unrepentant dies the former supremo

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"We are with unity as long as it is the wish of the Yemeni H. Nesser and not interfere in the internal

# A dying way of life

# Australian stockmen battle to preserve bush culture

By Michael Perty Reuter

LONGREACH, Australia — Their deeds are recorded on the 10-dollar note, poems pay homage to them and tourist organisations promote them as the true Australians.

But how relevant and realistic is the classic image of the bush stockman in 1994 multi-cultural Australia?

"There's an emotional part of me that says I'd like to see that image remain but I don't know if it can survive," says Matheun Morgan, the son of a second-generation Queensland cattle grazier.

The Morgans could have stepped straight from . the pages of Andrew "banjo" Paterson, whose poems the Man from Snowy River and Clancy of the Overflow embodies Australia's early national character - hardy men and women who battled a harsh environment and often lost to drought, flood and bushfire.

Reared on the endless paddocks where Clancy went a Drovin', the Morgans run an 18,000-acre spread of wheat and cattle at Condamine in central Queensland.

The family was virtually born in the saddle. Their natural garb comprises the Aussie bush icons of the Akubra felt hat, R.M. Williams Riding boots and a stockman's drizabone raincoat.

But they know the country is changing and many Australians today

know virtually nothing of their way of life.

We all like to think that the Man From Snowy River and Clancy of the Overflow will live forever but I don't think it will be the case," says Matheun as he squats beside his Drovers' campfire on the road to Longreach, Queensland.

Despite its bush imagery, the country is one of the world's most urbanised societies with 85 per cent of people living in towns and cities.

More than two thirds of Australians, or 12.3 million, live between the Pacific and the Great Dividing Range which runs north-south along the eastern seaboard. The bush is home to fewer than one per cent of the population, 143,000 peo-

Two generations ago, the majority of Australians were from Anglo-Saxon stock and a racist white Australia policy prevented any dilution of the country's bush culture.

The majority of migrants still come from Britain and Europe but as each year passes more and more arrive from Asia with little, if any, know-ledge of Australia's bush heritage.

"For the ethnic communities bush culture is probably something fairly remote." says Gary Lee of the New South Wales Ethnic Affairs Commis-

Mr. Lee says the closest most migrants come to the bush is watching television yet the bush is still relevant in multi-cultural Australia.

"To me it's unique. It is something I can say is Australian culture, anything else is borrowed from some other place," says Mr. Lee, who migrated from Laos in 1965.

Despite social and cultural changes, the bush stockman survives but like his urban cousins is undergoing a transformation.

Being a good, honest, hard-working stockman is no longer enough to survive in the outback. Today, a computer and a tertiary qualification in business management, economics, science or the environment are as much part of a stockman's gear as his saddle, stockwhip and Akubra hat.

"We do nothing without a computer these days," says Uen Morgan, 59, a no-nonsense cattleman who left school at age 15.

"The idea that you can survive out here just by hard yakka (work) is not right. Everyone out here has a computer at home. Things are changing out

Unlike 1906 when Morgan's grandfather first exported frozen beef to Britain, today the Morgans service niche markets around the world. Their herd is divided into specialised breeds for the Japanese marbled beef market, the United States' hamburger market, local consumption and live exports to Southeast Asia. Each member of the

to feedlot management and export strategies. To break into the tough Japanese market the Morgans formed a partnership with three Japanese meat distributors to run a 12,000-head feedlot.

from marketing and sales

"The people that survive in the next 20 years in rural areas will be those who utilise all the modern technology and facilities that are available," says Mr. Uen. "The old style of running a few cows in a back paddock has finished.

Ironically, in an effort to cushion their lives from price fluctuations and trade wars, cattle and sheep graziers are expanding into tourism and promoting their storybook image as stockmen.

But the move into tourism is not solely an economic venture. Many see such operations as living museums for future Australians.

The Morgans' the Queensland drovers venture offers tourists a few days in the saddle and

ped appearing as accurate information about the fighting

Before the conflict more

man said a figure of more than 50,000 dead on both sides reported in Saudi Arabia's Al

around the campfire as the professionals move 1,000

cattle from Longreach to Condamine — a four month, 1,000-km journey. "We are trying to show people something which is historically Australian and

give people an opportunity to become a part of it," says Boss Drover Rian "This lifestyle will not

last forever. One day this type of venture will be the only way you'll get to see

> of human exploitation in the industrial age. His father was Those bitter early years

RIVERSIDE, California (AP)

A black gumman tried to

assassinate controversial for-

mer Nation Of Islam spokes-

man Khailid Abdul Moham-

mad Sunday, hitting Mr. Mohammad and at least two

other people.

Mr. Mohammad was shot in

the leg and three other men, two of whom were identified

by police as bodyguards, also

were hit. The gunman was

shouting, "he works for the Jews," before police could drag him away, bloodied. Mr. Mohammad was in

stable condition following

surgery at Riverside Commun-

ity Hospital, said nursing su-

By Richard Ingham

Agence France Presse

BERLIN - Erich Honecker

went to his grave in Stalinist

style, never once regretting the acts that made him a

figure of infamy, and holding fast to the notion that history would ultimately vindicate

The former East German Communist Party chief and head of state, who died of liver cancer Sunday in San-

tiago, Chile, at the age of 81,

was the architect of the Ber-

fin Wall, probably the most notorious edifice ever made. Mr. Honecker led the Ger-

man Democratic Republic

from 1971 to 1989, but res-

igned in October 1989 shortly

before the Berlin Wall col-

lapsed amid a flood of re-

fugees to the West, and fled to Moscow in March 1991. Expelled in July 1992, he

was tried in Berlin for the

deaths of Germans killed

trying to escape to West Ger-

many, but was freed the fol-

lowing year and allowed to go into exile after being di-

daughter lives, in January

He fled to Chile, where his

Mr. Honecker never

voiced sorrow for the hun-

dreds who were killed while

fleeing to the West or for the

millions of lives stifled by the

kept him in power.
"Neither ox or ass can halt

the forward march of social-

ism," Mr. Honecker liked to

say to the workers in his trips

to factories and collective

While on trial years for the deaths of those killed while

fleeing, the former supremo

reluctantly admitted that the

slain fugitives had died "an

They "not only had a hu-

man effect on us, but also

harmed us politically," he

said in a dry tone that earned

him little sympathy among

But it also underlined how

much Mr. Honecker was a

grim anachronism in Ger-

many's post-unity era of satellite TV, faxes and five

weeks' paid holiday.

Mr. Honecker was born

August 25, 1912 into poverty

in the Saarland, western Ger-

many, to a working-class

family that was the archetype

unnatural death."

Germans.

web of eavesdroppers and hidden microphones that

agnosed with cancer.

and the socialist teachings of his father moulded the young Honecker. From his younges time, political activity was as natural as breathing and eating: He set up a socialist cell in his junior school at the age

Erich Honecker: the architect of the Berlin wall

of 11. His activism brought him to Berlin, at the cross-roads of European history in the 1920s and 1930s, when Communist militants brawled with Nazi brownshirts over the remains of the dying Weimar

In 1935 he was arrested by the Nazi authorities for taking part in an underground Communist organisation. He was jailed until 1945, when the prison was liberated by Soviet troops.

After the war, Mr. Hon-

ecker proved to be one of Stalin's most willing disciples. The grey technocrat rose quickly through the ranks of the Moscow-installed regime

in East Berlin, taking charge of the party's youth with then being handed the keytask of ensuring internal security and party loyaicy. Under the first East Ger-

man party chief, Walter Ulbricht, Mr. Honecker was tasked with building the Ber-lin Wall in August 1961, the act that forestalled but could not prevent the finally fatal human haemorrhage of the East German state.

Ten years later, the trusty Honecker was on hand to take over from Ulbricht, who had shown signs of deviation from the Soviet line at a time of agitation in Poland and Czechoslovakia.

But ironically, it was the Soviet Union that unwittingly sowed the seeds of Mr. Honecker's downfall, according to some historians. In the first oil shock, Mos-

ing them to pay higher prices for their energy supplies — but refused to pay more for their finished exports. This had the effect of

cow effectively wrecked its

allies' five-year plans by forc-

forcing Honecker into economic dependency on West Germany," said Wilfried Rogasch, a historian at the German Historical Museum in Berlin. Bonn dangled billions of

marks in credit to win more and more concessions on human rights and cross-border visits between East and West, using its economic lever to bust open the hermetic seal of the wall. Mr. Honecker ching to his

Stalinist doctrine, blind to any problems, while the state sank deeper into debt and industrial decay, the extent of which remained hidden until German unification in 1990.

### Sanaa tells U.N.

(Continued from page 1)

southern leader Ali Salem Al Beidh's Yemen Socialist Party

day asked the "moderate" YSP members to respond to a possible truce and an agenda on unity, annulling secession, unifying the army and respecting President Ali Abdullah Saleh's legitimacy.

These have been the demands of the north since the war started and have been rejected by the south.

"Without agreeing to this, a ceasefire will not lead to an end to the war. At best it could serve as a truce after which war will be resumed at a more intensified level," Mr. Ounsi

A visiting southern official said in Kuwait Monday that he was confident that several Arab countries would recognise the breakaway Yemen Democratic Republic.

"I found a very positive attitude in the countries I have visited regarding the issue of recognising the YDR as well as the need for a quick halt to bostilities," Haidar Abu Bakr Al Attas, the prime minister of the breakaway state, told AFP.

Mr. Attas arrived in Kuwait on Sunday after visiting Egypt, Syria, Saudi Arabia, Oman and the United Arab Emirates.

A majority of Arab countries, except Qatar, Jordan and Iraq, are going to recognise the

The 1990 unification of the former conservative north and was imposed by the northemers was a bitter experience. Future generations may find a better formula," he said. On the battle fields, sporadic

artillery duels Monday broke an uneasy calm along the front lines, military officials said. Fighting has died down since

Sunday along an arc west, north, and east of the southern stronghold of Aden. It was not clear if the lull was linked to preparations for a possible new northern offen-

sive or week-long, intensive Arab and other diplomatic efforts to seek a ceasefire in the civil war. Forces loyal to Mr. Al Beidh fired two Scud missiles earlier Sunday at the north in retalia-

tion for what they charged was a northern missile attack on Saturday on Aden that killed one civilian, officials here said. The North, which denied the charge saying it had only fired artillery at military targets at Aden airport, reported that one Scud exploded about 20

Sanaa and the other landed in a suburb without exploding. There were no casualties or damage, northern officials

kilometres from the capital

Northern warplanes blasted and destroyed four southern warships off the coast of Abyan province east of Aden, according to a spokesman for forces loyal to Mr. Saleh.

family has a specific job,

Four southern warplanes were also shot down over the southern base at Al Anad, 60 kilometres north of Aden, he

Meanwhile, Western diplomats claimed that Saleh has clamped down with an iron fist, arresting hundreds and setting up a spy network in a bid to check the slightest resistance to the civil war.

Members of the southern Yemen Socialist Party (YSP), trapped in Sanaa by the outbreak of war have been forced into hiding after "several militants have been killed," one diplomat in the region said. And hundreds of people have been arrested since fight-

ing crupted, he added. A tight internal surveillance network has been set up in all of the big cities in the north, but particularly in Sanaa, the

source said. Teams of informers controlled by the security services patrol every district creating a climate of general suspicion," the diplomat said. 'Any contacts between

Yemenis and those foreigners still in the capital are subject to particular scrutiny," another diplomat said. Newspapers too have stop-

remains scarce.

than 50 papers and periodicals were published in Sanaa and Yemen was proud of being one of the rare countries in the dom of the press and a multiparty system flourished.

Now the three big official dailies At Thawra, The May 22 and The September 26 are the only papers authorised to Sanaa residents, like their

countrymen in Aden, are in the dark about what is really happening on the front lines, the scene of fierce fighting as the south tries to hold back a northern advance towards the

"They don't know the real toll of human losses, which is of course their main concern. But it is a taboo subject which will probably not really be addressed for a long time," said one diplomat.

He said, quoting Arab doctors working in Sanaa, that "thousands had died" in the fighting and the capital's hospitals, requisitioned for war casualties, were "working at full capacity."

An official northern spokes-Yaom newspaper — was too high, and that a toll would be published soon.

### woman Kathy Barton. The shooting occurred just after 6 p.m. outside an auditor-

the night.

ium at the university, where Mr. Mohammad was answering questions from the crowd after giving a speech.
"The minister was answering

Former Nation Of Islam aide shot after speech

South claims northern forces shot protesters

questions when I got hit," bodyguard Caliph Sadit, 24, told the Press-Enterprise of Riverside county as he was being treated for a gunshot wound to the chest. In went towards him because I was worried about someone else getting shot."

Mr. Sadit was in satisfactory condition," Ms. Barton said. "I see this man scream something, (and) 'pop, pop, pop, pop' then all hades broke loose," said Associated Press photographer William Wilson Lewis III, who was at the

pervisor Elizabeth . Battaglia. She said she would be held for Mr. Mohammad was taken He suffered a gunshot wound to his lower left leg, and by aides through the university's gym and out to his car. was grazed by a bullet on his right leg, said University of California, Riverside spokesthen taken to the hospital, said Jack Chappell, spokesman for the university. Officers held off the crowd

ing many.

scene.

with drawn weapons before taking the gunman to a hospit-

Police declined to release information about his whereabouts or condition," Ms. Barton said.

al, witnesses said.

Mr. Sadit was taken to Riverside General Hospital, where another bodyguard, Varnado Puckett, 34, was being treated for three gunshot wounds to his left calf, right shin and right shoulder," Ms. Barton said. He was in serious condition, she said. Terrell D. Strait, 20, also

was shot in the left shoulder and abdomen, Ms. Barton said. He was in good condition at an undetermined hospital, Ms. Barton said. She did not know if he was part of Mr. Mohammad's security detail.

Two people also were injured in the scuffle, Mr. Chappell said. Authorities had no details of their injuries or whereabouts. Mr. Mohammad's son. 9-

year-old Farrakhan Khallid Mohammad, was carried away by aides as he screamed, "daddy daddy daddy" the boy, who frequently appears on stage with Mr. Mohammad, did not appear to be injured.

The boy was taken to the hospital, where a doctor told him that his father was going to be ok. About 40 Mohammad supporters had gathered at the hospital.

It wasn't known which hospital the gunman was taken to. Mr. Mohammad, 43, was suspended from his duties as senior aide to Nation Of Islam leader Louis Farrakhan after a speech in November in which he called Jews "the bloodsuckers" of the black community and said the Pope was a "no-good cracker." He also urged blacks to kill all whites in South Africa, including women, children and the disabled.

That speech was denounced by President Bill Clinton and by black and Jewish leaders. Mr. Farrakhan demoted Mr. Mohammad, but defended what he called the "truths" in Mr. Mohammad's speech.

sides in the conflict." rejected any foreign interven-tion in the civil war, which has Dr. Ekour blamed Arab regimes that he said have supported one party in Yemen against the other, adding that "these attitudes only serve the objectives of the United States and its satellite states in the

region." Jordan supports the unity of the Yemeni people and land but does not work to impose anything on them, Lower House of Parliament member Saleh Irsheidat said.

If this support of unity was interpreted to mean that the Kingdom has taken sides in the conflict then that is a wrong interpretation, he said.

people," Dr. Irsheidat said. His Majesty King Hussein had earlier said that the Kingdom will provide humanitarian assistance to Yemen but will

one of their leaders told AFP.

"Out of 90 Hawks who began training four days ago, 70 have left," said Rajah Abu Sita, one of the Hawks leaders. "We are returning to the Hawks, to protect ourselves

several Hawks as they quit the camp in the former Israeli base known as Ansar II on the Gaza City seafront.

Abu Sita and his cousin Amr killed a Jewish settler on the Gaza Strip in March 1993 and were wanted by the Israelis before autonomy began at the start of this month. "We can't go on," Mr. Ra-jah said. "This is not a camp

but a bazaar. There is no secur-

ity, neither inside nor outside the camp. We don't even have any weapons.
On Sunday when we went

into town, armed men in a were lucky to escape."

"There is no security in the camp," they wrote. "We are gence services even if there is an agreement between Isreal

"We want protection and weapons because we still feel we are in danger. Mr. Rajah said: "Rabin has left certain elements here to

about 100 other recruits who did not belong to our group, who were not wanted by the Israelis and who had never even carried out any political

(Continued from page 1)

they came from the occupied West Bank town of Nablus and were looking for one of their comrades who had dis-

SAN'A, Yemen (AP) -- South Yemen Monday

claimed rival northern troops

used "intense" fire against

peaceful anti-war demonstra-

appeared. Jericho security chief Jibril Rajoub refused to comment and police spokesman Mohammad Shaker was not immediately available.

The incident in which the Israeli soldier was killed began around 11:30 p.m. Sunday, when six troops guarding road building equipment near the Nahal Oz crossing heard shots coming from Gaza, said an area commander, identified only as Col. Shaul.

Soldiers returned fire. First Sgt. Shlomo Shetreet, 25. was killed, and Col. Shaul said he may have been hit by

tors protesting northern aggression and forced con-

scription, killing and wound-

There was no independent

from the point the soldiers said they were being shot at, but ... there was one soldier who shot in the direction of Shetreet." Coi. Shaul said on Israel radio. Still, the shooting drew

prosecute Palestinian gunmen.

confirmation of the incident, which the South claimed occurred Sunday in Ta'zz, 130 kilometres southwest of San'a. It did not say how many were allegedly killed

The North did not immediately comment on the charge.

Both sides have issued exaggerated claims throughout

Mr. Beidh announced the South's secession May 20, breaking up the impover-ished Arabian Peninsula nation's 4-year-old union. It has not been recognised internationally as an independent

The rival leadership in the northern capital, San'a, and the southern coastal stronghold of Aden, have rejected each others'proposed steps for peaceful resolution of the conflict. The South is seeking Arab League mediation

The South, in its charge broadcast on Aden Radio, claimed northern forces opened "intense fire" from helicopters and military vehicles on the peaceful demon-

to the broadcast monitored by the British Broadcasting

Corp.
"Many peaceful demonstrators were killed and injured the exact number of casualties as a result of this bloody confrontation is not

### Jordan has not taken sides

hear any Jordanian official saying the Kingdom has taken affairs of the war-torn Arab Peninsula country. North Yemen has previously

> been raging for over three weeks without leading to a decisive military victory.
>
> Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali had said that Jordan would not mediate in the conflict unless both parties to it agree on its role, adding that the Kingdom would not "inter-

fere in support of either parties to the crisis." Akher Khabar Arabic daily Monday reported that a group of journalists it did not name have protested to Dr. Anani what it called "the biased coverage of the Yemeni war by

The paper quoted the group

as telling the minister in a

statement that such an attitude

would not allow Jordan to play

any positive role in trying to

mediate the conflict in the fu-

the official media."

### **PLO vows**

(Continued from page 1)

The walkout came after suspected Israeli agents in a car chased four of the men from the Hawks, the armed wing of the mainstream PLO group

and defend ourselves if attack-An AFP correspondent met

Peugeot 504 chased us. We The two cousins sent a letter Sunday to Palestinian police Chief General Nasr Yussef to

explain why they were leaving. still hunted by Israeli intelliand the PLO.

kill us." He also complained that the training camp was supposed to be solely for former Hawks. "We were surprised to find

# Israel releases

friendly fire. "We have not found shells

> angry Israeli responses. Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's Labour Party called for changing the autonomy accord unless the PLO police made a real effort to track down and

and wounded in the reported

Yemen's civil war, which erupted May 5 following months of skirmishes between the nation's rival militaries and growing tension between President Ali Abdullah Saleh, a northemer, and vice President Ali Salem Al Beidh, a southerner.

while the North has rejected all outside interference.

stration in Ta'zz. The protesters had been chanting slogans condemning Mr. Saleh's government for continuing the war and for forcing Ta'zz residents to go to the front lines, according

yet known," it said

its own shortout the ideals and which In fact, it stant ily, we are pro-

demonstrate de frustration of int should come fee are ready ines make von in I do not see anic comunity where public, for that

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### Latin America looks to next **Wave of phone investments**

furnerica, where a call across to .... can be as hard to make as a call across the globe, will see its antiquated telephone systems overhauled in the next couple of years as a new wave Of investment pushes in.

ladustry analysts say new projects and privatisations from Mexico to Argentina will modernise equipment, bring far wider access to cellular phones and draw fresh capital - but with many new risks for investors.

There is so much pent-up demand occause phone service is so bad." said Brian Miller at C.S. First Boston Corp.

"Look at Mexico. There are about 10 lines per 100 people. compared with 50 in the United States. As these economies develop, there's going to be a lot more growth in telecommunications," he said.

The influx of investment in Latin telecoms until now has been mostly associated with privatisations of the creaking state monopolies that dominated the industry for decades.

Some smaller self-offs are still in line, and privatised phone firms are drawing heavy

But compared with outright sales, the next wave of investments is likely to be more

complex and competitive. 'There's a greater element of risk in this area now," said Oscar Castro at Montgomery Global Communications Fund. Plenty of privatisations are in the works, "but maybe the hype we've seen in the past two years has reached its peak," he

Two Chilean telecom firms, Chilesat and Telexchile, are due to join the country's main telephone firm, Compania Telefonos de Chile, on the U.S. stock market.

Major new cellular operations are coming on line this year in Argentina, Chile and Mexico. Privatisations of all or part of state-owned phone services are at varying stages in Peru, Uruguay, Ecuador and some Central American states.

The continent-wide move into cellular phones has implications that are not just commercial, but also cultural.

There is a whole new culture of business in Latin America, and it is totally dependent on cellular phones." said Juan Carlos Garcia, analyst at Salomon Brothers. "Cellular is growing so much because they're starting from zero. In Mexico, customers increased twofold in a year.'

Mr. Miller said he recently visited a Venezuelan office where all the executives had cellular phones on their desks - a comment not only on the availability of cellphones, but on the quality of the regular

The flourishing of mobile phones opens the prospect of service reaching remote towns across Latin America where phone lines are few, but where there may be attractive markets.

In Argentina, a consortium led by GTE Corp. is building a \$700 million network to bring cellular communications to towns with as few as 500 peo-

The consortium, Compania Telefonica del Interior, in-November won an Argentine government tender that was one in a series of steps to loosen communications laws and draw new investment after Argentina privatised phone

"Liberalisation is a second round of investment, which those who missed the first round — privatisation — can take advantage of," said Stephen Daila Betta of Pyramid Research, a telecom-

munications research firm in

Cambridge, Massachusetts.

In Mexico, companies are already jockeying for position before the 1996 break-up of Telmex's long-distance

monopoly.

But the "crown jewel of privatisation," as Mr. Dalla Betta put it, is Latin America's economic colossus, Brazil.

Investors there may have a while to wait. The leader in opinion polls before October's presidential elections, leftist candidate Luiz Inacio "Lula" da Silva, has pledged to keep telecommunications under state control.

But analysts say that even if Mr. Da Silva wins, pressure will grow for liberalisation and wider private investment.

A recent poll showed that 56 per cent of Brazilians wanted state telephone firm Telebras' monopoly lifted.

### Oil executives get to grips with environment way we are making" in the oil

STAVANGER, Norway (R)

— A U.S. oil company chief executive told a global oil congress Monday that air in the United States was cleaner than it had been since the industrialisation of America in the 19th century.

Less than an hour later. however, a top Russian oil official painted a grim portrait of oil-related pollution in the former Soviet Union that has left vast areas choked by poisoned air and water.

The World Petroleum Congress (WPC), a gathering of 2,000 oil industry leaders and politicians held every three vears, opened Monday in this western Norwegian oil town to strong warnings that the industry must play a key role in cleaning up the environment.

Norwegian Prime Minister Gro Harlem Brundtland, who also chairs a U.N. environmental commission, told delegates

Secretary-General Subroto and several oil ministers that big business was not living up

to society's expectations. The present situation falls dangerously short of our needs... the gap between the powerful process of economic globalisation driven by business firms and corporations on the one hand, and the explosive nature of most social, economic, environmental and political problems, is unacceptable," she said.

Ms. Brundtland, saying market forces could not be left to solve environmental or social problems, called on governments and big business to improve their cooperation.

Constantine Nicandros, chief executive of U.S. oil giant Conoco, told the congress that "certain parts of society will never be satisfied with the environmental head-

industry.

He said oil spills had been reduced dramatically in the past 10 years and that the U.S. petroleum industry spent \$10.5 billion on the environment in 1992 "more than the entire industry spent on exploration in the U.S. that year."

"The air in the United States is cleaner than it ever has been since the industrialisation of America," Mr. Nicandros said.

The U.S. executive said "political correctness and expediency" had overtaken the debate on global warming and he appealed for further study of warming before any action was undertaken.

The oil industry fears governments will impose harsh limits on exhaust emissions from vehicles to reduce air pollution, cutting into their

Alexandr Putilov, president of Rosneft, Russia's state oil producer board, painted a . gloomier picture, appealing for help from Western oil firms and governments to start clearing up his country's environmental mess.

Mr. Putilov cited undrinkable water in Central Asian Tatarstan, air pollution around large areas of the River Volga and "damage to the environment caused by multiple accidents at oil and oil products

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Shell Oil Company execu-tive Dirk Van Der Meer, scientific director of the congress, said environmental issues would dominate the three-day meeting, which in the past has focused on oil prices and production or technical issues.

The challenge is to sustain growth in a responsible manner," he said.

### Croatia issues controversial currency

ZAGREB (AFP) — Croatia Monday celebrated the fourth anniversary of the end of communist rule by issuing a controversial new currency and reviving debate over the country's pro-fascist past.

The controversy over the new currency, the kuna, stems from its own history as the currency first used by the pro-Nazi Ustashe regime under Ante Pavlic, which ruled Croatia from 1941 to 1945.

President Franjo Tudjman, who chose the controversial name, presided over a mid-day ceremony at the central bank to bring the kuna into circulation, replacing the Croatian

The nationalist leader has brushed aside criticism, notably from opposition forces and the Jewish and Serbian communities in the former Yugoslav republic who view the new currency as an affront to their communities.

In Croatian, kuna means

marten, whose fur - according to historians - served as a unit of exchange in the Middle

In an interview Saturday, Mr. Tudjman noted that neither Germany nor Italy had renamed the mark and or lira, both of which were in circulation during World War II.

### Chase provides bond for ATT Saudi project

tan Corp has provided a \$197.55 million performance bond for ATT Corp's massive telephone contract in Saudi Arabia, bankers said. It was the first of what may

DÜBAI (R) — Chase Manhat-

be several financial arrangements for the \$24 billion deal, for which a letter of intent was awarded on May 9. Chase provided the bond on

deadline on Saturday, guaranteeing ATT's performance for up to the seven years allotted for the work. One banker said Chase, which does business with ATT worldwide, had faced keen

competition for the bond, in-

cluding from banks that do not

have close relations with the

The project requires a fully digital communications network with 1.5 million lines and thousands of related compo-

Sources close to the deal said ATT will be expected to reinvest a portion of the value of the contract in Saudi industry, "offsetting" its value in a simi-In way to that in major Saudi

defence contracts. Bankers said it was not yet clear what would be required for overall financing for the phone deal, even if the Saudi post telegraph and telephone ministry or ATT or both would

be seeking financing.
ATT's managing director in Saudi Arabia, Michael Brown, told the Saudi Gazette that discussions on financing the

project would begin on June 4. The bankers said the U.S. government's Export-Import Bank had made a preliminary commitment to provide financing, though it was not yet clear whether this would be in the form of guaranteeing commer-

itself. But on a contract of this size, it was seen likely that funds would be sought from as many sources as possible given competing demands on the mar-

cial loans or making a loan

ket for Saudi-related financing. "For a \$4 billion deal they'll have to scrape every barrel to make sure they have enough finance available," one banker in the region commented.

local banks in April to cover U.S. arms purchases, and will be seeking finance for at least part of a \$6 billion purchase of American airliners.

The market is also expected to be tapped for a loan of around \$700 million for an expansion worth at least \$1 billion by the partly state-owned Jubail-based Saudi Petrochemical Co. (Sadaf).

The Kuwait-based Gulf Investment Corp, parent of Gulf International Bank, was appointed last year as financial adviser for the Sadaf project. Financial sources said banks, possibly regional or local only, may be asked next month to submit bids for arranging or underwriting it.

### Bank of America to close Egyptian branches

CAIRO (R) — Bank of America, one of the first foreign banks to open in Egypt, said Monday it was closing both its branches and would not accept new business.

"The bank shall cease to accept any new banking operations as of June 30, 1994," the bank, which has branches in Alexandria and Cairo, said in a statement published in local newspapers.

It requested depositors and other creditors to write before Sept. 15 to the bank's control department in the Central Bank of Egypt concerning any rights they may claim.

The reason for closing down operations in Egypt is purely a strategic change in the

bank's business," senior vice president and area manager Michael Seibel told Reuter.

"We feel we can better handle business for our customers through our correspondents in Egypt rather than doing it ourselves," Mr. Seibel

"Egyptian banks are better placed in Egypt to do business and we have no intention to compete with them," he said.

"It is not logical to compete with an Egyptian bank which has at least 340 branches."

Mr. Seibel said his bank "has good relation with many Egyptian banks through which we can do our business."

Bank of America was one of the first foreign banks to set up branches in Egypt during the liberalisation of the 1970s. It opened its Cairo branch March 1976 and Alexandria branch on September 1979.

### The Saudi government signed a \$1.3 billion loan with Intra-Asian exports boom as role of North American market fades

TOKYO (AFP) — Asian economies are boosting their exports to each other as the importance of the North American market fades, the international trade and industry said in an annual report

approved by cabinet. The ministry's white paper on international trade noted that increases in exports towards Asia were particularly strong for Japan and Hong Kong between 1986 and 1992 and even more so for South Korea and Taiwan, China's exports, beavily targetted to-wards Asia already, moved in the same direction.

WHAT'S THAT

SUPPOSED TO MEAN?"

THAT'S MY NEW

PHILOSOPHY!

TCH-

THESE PILLS WILL RELIEVE

THE PAIN! --- THE DOCTOR IS CHECKING YOUR

X RAYS!

Back in 1986, North America absorbed more than half of

**Peanuts** 

**Andy Capp** 

Mutt'n'Jeff

Asia only a quarter. Six years accounted for 30 per cent of Taiwan's exports compared with 40 per cent for Asia.

While Japan's exports to North America have remained above 40 per cent of the total, its exports to Asia have jumped from 30.7 per cent to 43.5 per cent in the same period. Japan's trade surplus with Asia meanwhile surpassed its imbalance with the United States for the first time ever

Midori Tani, the director of the ministry's international trade research who authored this year's report, told a news

WHENEVER SOMEONE SAYS

SAY, "WHAT'S THAT

SOMETHING TO ME, I JUST

SUPPOSED TO MEAN?"

ME A GLASS OF WATER

TO TAKE THESE PILLS

YOU WATER

WITH!

Taiwan's total exports and conference that the development of Japan's export pattern later. North America was largely insensitive to

> Japanese exports to Asia are dominated by capital goods such as machinery which are needed to modernise Asian economies themselves, she

But the country's imports, often dominated by consumer goods, are "overproportionately sensitive" to the rate of Japanese economic growth. As a result, they expand faster than the rest of the economy when times are good and contract more sharply when times are bad, she said.

I'M GLAD YOU

TOLD ME.. NOW

I WON'T SAY

ANYTHING TO YOU

Ms. Tani noted that Australia and the United States were, while on the periphery of the region, not insensitive to the booming growth in Asian eco-

Australia, in particular, "is moving towards Asia," she

Australia's exports, mainly agricultural products and raw materials, have soared towards South Korea, Taiwan, Hong Kong and Singapore, climbing from 16 per cent of all exports to 29 per cent during the period. Exports to Japan have fallen slightly but still account for more than 25 per cent of the total.

WHAT'S THAT

CRUEL WORLD - HE HAS TO WAKEUP IF HE WANTS A DRINK AND PACK IT IN IF HE WANTS

O.K. NOW LET'S DROP

THOSE PILLS IN

THIS BUCKET AND

SOAK THAT FOOT!

SUPPOSED TO MEAN?

### KFC announces \$200m investment in China

SHANGHAI (R) - Kentucky Fried Chicken (KFC), buoyed by the U.S. decision to renew China's trading status, has announced plans to invest \$200 million in China which it said could become its biggest market in 10 years. KFC President John Cranor

made the announcement at a news conference held to mark the opening of the company's 28th outlet in China and its 9,000th in the world. He said KFC would invest

the \$200 million over the next four years. This would take the number of restaurants in China by 1998 to at least 200 in 45 cities, employing 20,000 Chinese.

He said KFC reinvested all

its China profits into expand-

ing its business here.
Mr. Cranor said sales at KFC's China outlets were the highest of any of its restaurants in the world, up to 20 times the average in the United States.

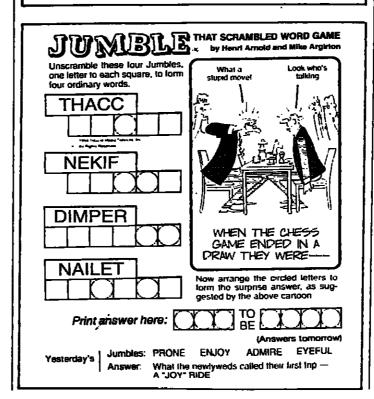
'Asia is KFC's future and nowhere more than China." he said. "By the first decade of the next century, China could be our largest market worl-

Asked why Colonel Sanders' secret recipe was so popular in Shanghai, one Chinese customer said it was the taste, the undeveloped state of Chinese fast food and what he called "eating culture" because the food symbolises things Amer-

### **Jordan Times** Tel.: 667171



"My mother thinks she's quite a gourmet. She threw five different kinds of rice."



### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY MAY 31, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: ber 22) You can take care of an You may be anxious to gain a personal aim but don't allow yourself to become too forceful with others in trying to do so. Find the best way to handle tasks that you have already committed

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Avoid calling on a difficult person early in the day. Be alert to carelessness on the part of others. Keep safe and sane towards a project.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) A financial matter needs more study before taking a definite decision. Make this a most worthwhile day for you while you are at work.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Show others that you have poise if some unusual situation comes up today. Be sure not to lose your temper with anyone especially your mate.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) A private matter could be upsetting early in the day, but later everything works out to your advantage relating to a new assignment.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Get rid of whatever is not practical in the morning and later you can be happy with your friends. Relax at bome tonight with the ones you

VIRGO: (August 22 to Septem-

51 Wine expert 53 Poetic foot

55 Short garment 56 Yankee catcher Lawrence Peter 58 Bob and scut 62 God of war

DOWN 1 Fat farm 2 Sesame

2 Sesame 3 The whole enchilada 4 Oncie first baseman John Wasley 5 Fashion

important home matter early in the day and later expand where your career is concerned on a new mutual endeavour. LIBRA: (September 23 to Octo-

bei 23 Avoid changing present arrangements at work until you have first studied it well. Plan bow to gain your finest aims. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Find a much better way of carrying through with agreements you have made with thers. Strive to be more successful on any new project.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Steer clear of an irate associate in the morning and later all will straighten out. Safeguard your reputation espe-cially around a bigwid.

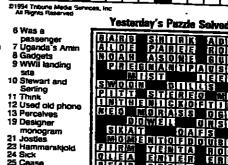
CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Use extreme care in handling all tasks ahead of you and avoid possible trouble. Plan how to gain your finest aims.

AOUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Doing something special for persons you really like brings excellent results at this time. Express your happiness to-

wards your loved ones. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Avoid arguments at home early in the day and later there will be real harmony. Make long-range plans for the future for any new assignments.

### THE Daily Crossword by Jamet R. Bender





41 Porter's cousin 42 Homity: abbr. 43 Do haifheartedly mispickel
31 Mets outfielder
Daniel Joseph
33 Network
34 Ernissary
35 Black or Coral
37 Dem.'s rival
38 Coup d'—

59 Land in the 61 Vane letters

**Rock Cafe** 

\* Rock, Rhythm & Blues

Terrace Now Open

Couples of Mixed

" Flambe & Fondue Dishes

**FOR YOUR** 

Advertisement

in

Jordan

Times

Call tel:

667171 ext. 223

# Cement production going full speed to keep pace with 1993

By Samir Shafiq Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The Jordan Cement Factories Company Limited (JCFC) is running at full production speed to meet the rising demand for cement during the summer months and to

keep the output level as high as the record 3,437,113 tonnes registered in 1993.

According to JCFC's 42nd annual report for 1993, the company has pledged in an agreement, signed Feb. 22, 1993 with the government, to produce at least 3.3 million

tonnes of cement in 1994.

The report cited forecasts that local cement consumption would be around two million tonnes this year, and noted that there were also contracts for 650,000 tonnes of exports with the possibility to supply cement to the West Bank if the

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Local demand for cement, the report said, was unprecedented in 1993, the year when JCFC sales to the domestic market reached a record of 2.776.252 tonnes, compared to 2.278.877 tonnes in 1992.

The third record achieved by the company was in boosting net profit by 80 per cent, from JD 10.3 million in 1992 to JD 19.2 million in 1993.

JCFC carned a total of JD 101.9 million from sales, of which JD 87.5 million were to the local market and the rest, JD 14.4 million, to outside markets.

Saudi Arabia was the main importer buying 583,665 tonnes at

lowed by Mauritius with 134,197 tonnes.

In 1992, sales amounted to JD 85.5 million, of which JD 67.3 million were to the local market and JD 18.2 million to outside markets. Thailand was the main importer buying 376,319 tonnes followed by Singapore for 109,720 tonnes.

Production costs in 1993 amounted to JD 66.1 million.

resulting in an output of 3.1 million tonnes of clinker and 3.4 million tonnes of cement. The cost of producing 2.7 million tonnes of clinker and 2.6 million tonnes of cement in 1992 was JD 54.0 million.

JCFC attributed the large increase in net profit to higher once for cement, raised by JD

> Other financial figures in the balance sheet, as of Dec. 31, 1993 show the following: - Bank credits rising from

3 per tonne on Nov. 25, 1992,

in addition to cost controls and

savings achieved through re-

payment and rescheduling of

Loans at the end of 1993

totalled JD 53.9 million of

which JD 29.0 million were

long term. At the end of 1992

loans totalled JD 81.0 million,

long-term loans reached JD

loans and lower interest.

JD 6.0 million at the end of 1992 to JD 17.1 million. — Cash at hand and in banks amounting to JD 1.8 million,

- Net fixed assets valued at JD 129.4 million.

down from JD 3.0 at the end of

Inventories of raw and finished materials and spareparts at warehouses amounting to JD 22.9 million. - Total assets / liabilities of JD 185.2 million compared to JD 193.3 million in 1992.

Administrative costs of JD 2.3 million, 15 per cent above the JD 2.0 million in JCFC will begin distributing

JD 6,044,446 in dividends around mid-June when about 52.000 shareholders will receive dividends at a rate of 10

The percentage of dividends distributed in the past 10 years

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1994-1988 and 7.4 per cent between 1989-1993 due to the following three reasons cited by the report:

A) The merger of the South Cement Company with JCFC, thus increasing the financial burden on the company.

B) The devaluation of the dinar in 1989 and, as a result, shouldering a foreign exchange burden of JD 25.5 million being amortised by JD 1.7 mil-

lion yearly. C) Keeping cement prices unchanged to reflect the real cost for producing one tonne of cement, as the variable cost has increased by the rate of inflation which was 75 per cent from 1986-1993.

Reflecting the new heights. of cement production, sales: and record profit, the government has collected JD 38.4 million from the company last. year compared to JD 24.8 mil-

ion in 1992. The amount includes JD. 28m from consumption tax (JD: 18m in 1992)./JD 3 million from: dividends (JD 2.7 million) and JD 7.4 million from income tax-

(JD 4.0 million).

JCFC which started with JD 1 million capital in 1953, has a JD 60,444,460 capital (at JD 1: per share) and an overall equity of JD 87,875,447.

# **Economists** make dire predictions about Ukraine

Privatisation is minimal,

with around 90 per cent of

state, and prices on most goods

Monthly inflation shrunk

dramatically to six per cent in

April from a high of 90 per

cent last December, but West-

ern economists say the drop is

due to restrictions on money

emission by the central bank

rather than a strict monetary

without a market economy,

said Daniel Kaufmann, the

World Bank's representative in

Ukraine, "One of the main

dangers for Ukraine is that 40

per cent of the economy is

Energy shortages have

forced factories to close or

work part-time. Industrial out-

put in many sectors fell more

than 30 per cent in the first

quarter of 1994 compared to

The average monthly salary

hovers around \$20, and most

Ukrainians are forced to hold

two jobs to make ends meet.

Ukrainian economist based in

London with the European

Bank for Reconstruction and

Development, said help from

the West was Ukraine's best

"Lacking raw materials, but blessed with huge potential

and a positive, modern policy

from the West, the best thing

that could happen to Ukraine

is a huge influx of foreign

investment," Mr. Savchenko

Olexander Savchenko, an

the same period last year.

already a shadow economy.

"Ukraine is still a country

KIEV (R) - Western and in less than three years have Ukrainian economists have produced at least eight sepasaid Ukraine was headed for rate economic reform progdisaster if it did not start rammes, most of them largely wholehearted moves toward a unimplemented. market economy.

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MARKET

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They told an international conference in Kiev that the enterprises still owned by the former Soviet republic had so far done little to put badly are controlled by the governneeded economic reforms into

"If you will continue on the same path as now, Ukraine will revert to a backward-peasant country," said American economist Jeffrey Sachs, who used to advise the Russian govern-

Either unite with Russia to obtain cheap oil and gas and continue producing steel and coal, or transform its industry based on consumer needs," he pointed out.

Since gaining independence in 1991, Ukraine has gone from being one of the most promising of the former Soviet republics to one of the poorest.

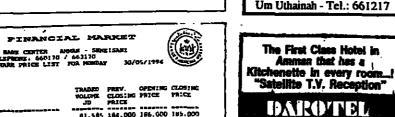
Its huge heavy industry sector, once an asset, has become an albatross as energy-poor Ukraine struggles to pay Russia for unsubsidised oil and gas to keep factories going.

Ukrainian economists acknowledged that Ukraine was lagging behind other countries in transforming its Soviet-style. centralised economy.

"We are in a position where those in power can no longer rule by the old methods, and ordinary citizens do not want to live the old way," said Ukrainian Economy Minister Roman Shpek. "Ukraine is lagging behind East Europe and the Baltic states (Lithuania, Latvia and Esto-

Three different governments

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET



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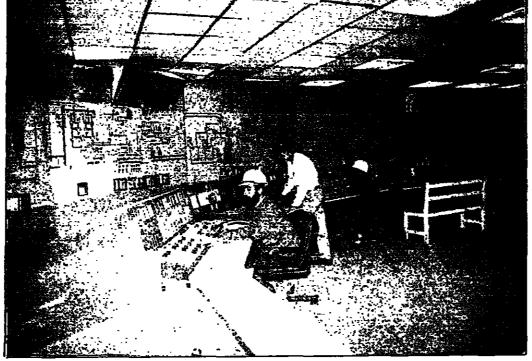
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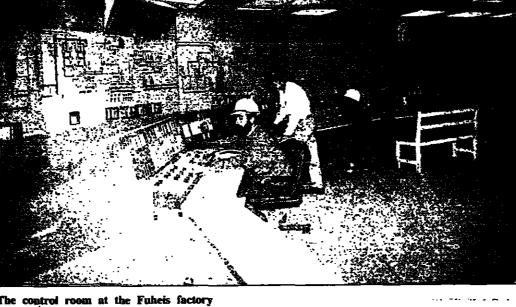
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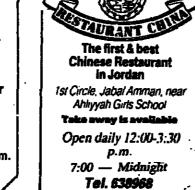
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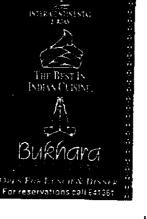
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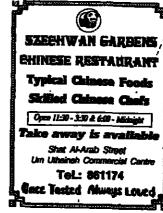












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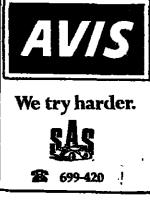
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Peruvians make

super sandwich

LIMA (R) — Some 1,500 young volunteers slapped

together a nearly three-mile (4.5 km) long line of sardine pate sandwiches along a Lima

expressway Sunday in an effort

to win Peru a place in the Guinness Book of World Re-

cords. The sandwiches, made

from 10,000 loaves of bread

and 13,200 pounds (6,000

kilos) of sardine paste assem-bled on 5,000 tables stretched

out along the eight-lane high-

way, were to be donated to

children in Lima's shanty-towns, organisers said. This

line of sandwiches represents

five kilometres of Peruvian

brotherhood," first lady Susa-na Higuchi De Fujimori said

shortly before the collective

task began. Tens of thousands

of Peruvians gathered on foot-

bridges over the highway and

along the roadway itself to

cheer the group on and offer

advice. On completion, the Swiss inspection firm SGS offi-

cially measured the line of

sandwiches at 4,576 yards out. 2.7 miles (4.5 km). A Guinness

representative was on hand to

verify the record. Shortly after

the 19-minute, 40-second task

was finished, chaos ensued

when pedestrains made off

with some loaves, but mounted

police soon restored order.

More than 20 government and

private sector entities, includ-

ing Peru's navy, which baked

and transported the loaves,

sponsored the event that prom-

ises to put Peru into the record

book for producing what orga-nisers called "the world longest line of sandwiches."

WARRENS, Wisconsin (AFP)

— About 1,000 people converged on this tiny Wisconsin

town to promote — and enjoy — marijuana at the Weedstock

festival. But about 20 revellers'

fun went up in smoke as they

were arrested Sunday on drug

Reveilers held

at marijuana

festival

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### Serbs counter-attack to halt push west by Bosnian army

SARAJEVO (Agencies) -Serb forces are counterattacking in north-central Bosnia-Herzegovina in a bid to halt a push west by the Muslim-dominated Bosnian army, a U.N. spokesman said Monday.

The Serbs have also launched an offensive some 30 kilometres (20 miles) east of the major government-held town of Tuzla in north-eastern Bosnia, said Colonel Ekrem Avdic, spokesman for the Bosnian army Second Corps.

U.N. officials in the northeastern sector were unable to confirm the report but said Monday that the sector, around the town of Sagna, had been active for the past 48 hours.

In the north-central region around Tesanj and Teslic, Šerb forces are trying to regain ground lost during a Bosnian army offensive south-west of Tesanj, said Major Rob Annink, the Sarajevo spokes-man for the U.N. Protection

Over the past week, the Bosnian army captured all the heights overlooking Teslic, which is held by the Serbs, Maj. Annink said.

The Serbs began Sunday "retaliating with artillery on civilian areas," he added. Maj. Annink said the Bos-

nians had concentrated troops in the region over the past veeks in preparation for an

Their objective approach to be to take over the Vlasic

plateau which dominates Travnik in order "to control the road to Donji Vakuf and probably move downwards" to the

The Serb forces were also counter-attacking about 80 kilometres (50 miles) south of the region, around Turbe and Travnik, Maj. Annink said. General Rasim Delic, the

head of the Bosnian army, told a local daily recently that he thought conditions were ripe for liberating seven towns, in-cluding Teslic and Donji

In north-eastern Bosnia, the Serbs are "using artillery and tanks" with the probable objective of cutting the road to Teocak, said Col. Avdic, who was speaking in Tuzla.

Teocak, viilage devastated by the fighting, is at the extreme north of the "Sapna finger," a sector controlled by the Bosnians which commands access to the Posavina corridor, which runs along the top of Bosnia.

Control of the Posavina corridor, barely three kilometres wide at its narrowest point, allows the Serbs, via the town of Brcko, to link the territories they have won in Croatia and northwestern Bosnia with their conquests in eastern Bosnia right up to Serbia.

Col. Avdic said about 30 tanks had been brought to the region via Zvornik, a Bosnian town on the Drina River border with Serbia which has been under Serb control since the war broke out more than two

"The enemy is also concentrating troops in the region of Posavina. We think they are going to try something because they don't want a political agreement, Col. Avdic said.

The United Nations said Bosnian troop movements had been observed in the region, but five kilometres (three miles) west of Tuzla, near Lukavac.

Meanwhile members of the Bosnian parliament converged by besieged Sarajevo Monday for a key session to ratify a new federal alliance between Muslims and Croats against Serbs holding 70 per cent of the country.

The meeting was scheduled for Monday morning but had to be postponed until the late afternoon because many delegates were still trying to make their way through Bosnian Serb lines to the capital, which has been under siege for more. than two years.

The meeting was called to adopt changes to the country's constitution allowing ratification of agreements between Muslims and Croats that were struck in Washington and Vienna.

Those agreements to form a federation seeking the greater share of land under any peace settlement ended months of conflict between Muslims and Croats, who began the war as allies but fell out while fighting for territory in central Bosnia. Parliament is also due to ratify the Vienna agreement by

naming a Croat president, a Muslim vice-president and a Muslim prime minister to run the country for six months until new local and federal elections can be held.

The meeting coincides with talks among the warring parties and international mediators to try to agree on how to divide up the country, ravaged by two years of civil

The first session in France last week ended without agreement, but the new alliance is expected to resume talks with Serbs and an international "contact group" on June 6 and

Mediators are proposing a 51-49 per cent split, with the greater share going to the new alliance. The Croats and Muslims have said they "partially accept" the offer, after retreating from earlier demands for 50 per cent of Bosnia. The parliament meeting

takes place on the eve of United Nations-organised talks in Geneva on a compehrensive ceasefire in Bosnia, to be attended by all the warring parties, U.N. commanders and nternational mediators.

Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic said Sunday he would attend the ceasefire talks without conditions, but wanted a clear sign that sanctions against their sponsors Serbia and Montenegro would be eased before resuming negotiations on an overall set-

### 'Russia has stopped aiming missiles

stopped targeting its nuclear missiles at the West, meeting terms of a deal with U.S. President Bill Clinton to seal the end of the cold war.

day the change had raised the threshold of nuclear security in Russia and elsewhere. Russia's newly deprogrammed rockets could no longer take off, even if someone hit the launch but-

ton by mistake.
"The strategic missiles of the

Interfax News Agency quoted Igor Sergeyev, com-mander in chief of Russia's Strategic Nuclear Missile Force, as saying removing the flight programme from the deadly weapons meant that

"Even if someone attempted an unsanctioned (missile) launch, the rockets would not take off because they have no

#### 'Germany is paying too much for Europe' becomes election theme BONN (AFP) — Leading polito EU coffers should take greafallen to sixth place in the EU since west Germany and the poorer eastern part of the

tical figures, both on the right and left, have made an electoral theme of Germany's big financial contribution to the European Union (EU), suggesting that the level should be reduced.

A Bosnian Serb guard (top) stands over Bosnian Muslim prisoners of war digging trenches on Mt.

With the European elections less than two weeks away, both Chancellor Helmut Kohl and opposition Social Democrat Party (SPD) leader Rudolf Scharping at the weekend took up the theme, which has become a favourite of the anti-Maastricht campaigners.

Economic authorities have added their weight to the argument.

According to the central bank, Germany pays the highest contribution to the EU budget, both in absolute terms and per head of population. although the average Getman's standard of living has country were rejoined. The vice-president of the European Investment Bank,

Wolfgang Roth, also said at the weekend that the German contribution was "objectively" too high, as it had not been reviewed since the 1990 reunification. He said it should take into

account the fact that "a quarter or a fifth of Germany now has the social and economic conditions of production as those in Portugal or Greece, for exam-. ple, or even a bit worse.' For Mr. Roth it was clear,

on the other hand, that France and above all Britain did not pay enough. Speaking in a parliamentary

debate on Europe, the Christian Democrat Kohl said that in future national contributions

ter account of revenue per The German aim was to get

Majevica overlooking the northern Bosnian town of Tuzia (AFP photo)

those countries which had a comparable per capita income to "accept more financial responsibilities than in the past," the chancellor said, stressing that Germany's capacity to pay had reached its "extreme

However Mr. Kohl rejected calls for an immediate reduction of Germany's share, and said it was normal that Germany pay the most as it was Europe's leading economic The premier of Bavaria,

Edmund Stoiber, said it was unfair that Germany bore 30 per cent of the EU budget but received only 14.6 per cent of agricultural subsidies and, despite reunification, only some 12 per cent of.

#### charges. "Thank you for smok-ing pot," and "Hemp our premier natural resources," read banners at the sixth annual

gathering of marijuana fans, who made the pilgrimage to this village of about 300, is They maintain that Mr. campers and on motorbikes. "This is a great time," said organiser Ben Masel. "It brings people together and it gives us the chance to educate nefits of hemp."

#### **Delegates in Hong** Kong share vision of toiletopia

HONG KONG (R) - Delegates from across Asia and the Pacific gathered in Hong Kong believed the trading was done Monday with a dream in common, a world where public toilets are clean, sweetsmelling and lovable. "If children are to learn to keep toilets clean, they must love their public toilets," said Sachiko Azai, who heads a Japanese non-government action group set up to realise a dream of what she calls "toiletopia." Concerned people from throughout the region are attending a three-day seminar entitled "public toilets 1994," the prelude to a full international symposium next year. And woe betide anybody who does not take the subject matter seriously. "It's not a langhing matter," Dr. Ronald Leung, the straight-faced chairman of Hong Kong's Urban Council, told smirking reporters. "I know you press people all think so — that's why you will call me Dr. Toilet." Dr. Leung, whose hands-on approach to restrooms, earned him the nickname, said Hong Kong's public lavatories were among the best in the world even though many local residents still preferred to pop into those in hamburger restaurants. In Japan, the government and private groups are working hard to make the nation's less-than-pristine public toilets match its well-groomed

#### Police slaughter beached whale

city streets.

MANTLA (AFP) — Policemen and residents of a coastal village in the eastern Philippines slaughtered a beached whale and feasted on its meat, the official Philippine News Agency (PNA) said Monday. "Excited policemen peppered the creature with Armalite (assault rifle) bullets" when the mammal ran aground near Manito town in Albay Gulf last week, then villagers carved up its carcass with axes and machetes, an official of the Natural Resources Department told PNA. The whale is an endangered species protected by international agreement, but Edgardo Bongalon, a provincial official of the Natural Resources Department, said the agency had guidelines about tortoise pre-

#### Mandela, rightists to discuss white homeland last month.

PRETORIA (R) — South African President Nelson Mandela azd white separatist Ferdi Hartzenberg said Monday they would hold talks on demands for an Afrikaner homeland and amnesty for jailed rightists. "We agree we must negoti-

ate on behalf of our people with the government, Harzenberg, leader of the Conservative Party (CP), told a news conference after talks with Mr. Mandela. He said the talks would in-

volve other right-wing leaders, including Freedom Front leader General Constand Viljoen. Mr. Mandela confirmed the

egreement, saying: "Trilateral negotiations will involve the Conservative Party, the Freecom Front and the govern-

The CP boycotted South Africa's first all-race elections last month after it failed in attempts to secure a sovereign white borneland.

Mr. Viljoen's party partici-pated in the election after regotiators agreed to legislate the creation of a Volkstaat Council where the feasibility of the homeland would be negoti-

Asked by reporters about negotiations with the paramilitary AWB (Afrikaner Resistance Movement) leader Eugene Terre Blanche, Mr.

Mandela said: "We are not discriminating against any organisation to have discussions of that nature. It is a question of cooperation... our doors are open.

Meanwhile, the ANC said Monday that members of South Africa's township selfdefence units often blamed for nolitical violence should be disarmed, disbanded and some representatives integrated into the police force.

(ANC) legislator and Regional party had told regional comthe police service.

"Those below the age of 25 should be accepted as police reservists in neighbourhood watch programmes or integrated into the South African Police Service," Mr. Bapela

for those members between the ages of 13 and 18 should be a provided," he added.

proposals would be negotiated with regional and national

African National Congress

Secretary Obed Bapela said his manders of the Self Defence Units (SDU) in Johannesburg's east townships that their groups should be disarmed, isbanded and integrated into

told Reuters.

"Special catch-up schooling

Analysts said it would be difficult to disarm the units, which tasted power in the runup to historic all-race elections that swept the ANC to victory

Sixteen other candidates, who

trailed far behind Mr. Samper

and Mr. Pastrana, will now be

The vote was generally

peaceful, surprising officials in

a country long hardened to

drug and guerrilla violence.

Marxist rebels in remote areas

skirmished with troops and

burnt a few buses but there

were no civilian casualties and

Turnout was low and nearly

Analysts and diplomats said

two out of every three voters

the result was a blow for Mr.

polling was not affected.

eliminated.

"Every government taking over after years of political fighting has the same of problem of disarming rogue ele-ments," a military analyst said. But Mr. Bapela said the

ministries of education and safety and security and could be put into action within a week or two. "Some members of the units

are experienced in township policing. For many months they patrolled streets to ensure the safety of township residents," Mr. Bapela said. Mr. Bapela said members of

the ANC's military wing called Umkhonto We Sizwe (Spear of the Nation) had been easily integrated into the South African National Defence Force and believed SDU members could also fit well into the

The ANC said there were at least 2,000 SDU members in the battle-weary Johannesburg east townships of Katlehong,

Tokoza and Vosloorus. Mr. Bapela said the programme would be extended to the other units in townships such as Soweto, Alexandra and Johannesburg South's nine townships known as the Vaal

strongly on social issues,

emphasising the need to boost

spending on health and educa-

tion and proposing subsidies to

help small industry and the

countryside. Some commenta-

tors, however, felt he was un-

inspiring and too left-of-centre

"From Samper's point of

view this is a semi-defeat,"

commented Pierre Gilhodes, a

Bogota-based political analyst and academic. "What appears

to have happened is not so

much that Pastrana won a lot

of votes as that Samper failed

to get the Liberal Party to turn out and vote for him."

dominated Colombian politics

for the last half century, is

generally reckoned to have

two votes for every one con-

servative, and has not lost a

presidential election when un-

ited for more than 30 years.

The Liberal Party has

for the party.

they could not take off. Cliffhanger Colombian polls go to 2nd round second round wide open." Samper, 43, campaigned

# at West

MOSCOW (R) — Russia has

Russian officials said Mon-

United States, Britain and Russia are no longer targeted at the territories of our respective countries," Sergei Yushenkov, chairman of the Defence Committee in the lower house of parliament, told reporters.

flight path," the agency said.

#### Hosokawa unhurt after attack by gunman TOKYO (AFP) — A man, Opposition parties have de-

believed to be a right-wing political activist, shot at former Japanese Prime Minister Morihiro Hosokawa here Monday, but he escaped unhurt, police

The 52-year-old attacker, who called himself Masakatsu Nozoe and a member of rightist group Shokonjuku, was immediately overpowered, police said, adding that they were questioning the gunman. Mr. Hosokawa was attacked

when he was standing at the entrance of Keio Plaza Hotel after attending an inaugural meeting held by the Tokyo chapter of his Japan New Party (JNP). Further details of the attack

were not immediately available. Mr. Hosokawa was forced to

resign as prime minister last month after being grilled in parliament over a suspected shady loan he got from the scandal-tainted Sagawa Kyubin trucking group.

manded that Mr. Hosekawa testify in parliament about the scandal, while some members of the JNP, one of the major groups in the ruling colition, said he should resign as party leader. Mr. Hosokawa, 56, came to

power last August in a general elections which ended the Liberal Democratic Party's (LDP) 38-year grip on Japanese politics. He has repeatedly denied

opposition party allegations that his loan of 100 million yen (\$960,000) from Sagawa in 1982 was a bribe. Mr. Hosokawa has said that

he had repaid the loan, but he failed to show convincing evidence to the LDP and other opposition parties, which suspected it was a bribe.

Opposition forces are demanding that Mr. Hosokawa also testify about alleged dubious trading of Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corp. (NTT) stocks in 1986. Hosokawa netted a profit of 50 million yen illegally, using his father-in-law's name when trading the shares. The former prime minister

said that he had only heided hi father-in-law to trade NTT shares and that it was not his

But suspicion about the trade deepened earlier this month as investment consultant Shuzo Fujiki, who acted as an intermediary in the transaction, told parliament that he

by Mr. Hosokawa.

As Mr. Hosokawa's difficulties increased this month, four legislators left the JNP to form a political group of their own. More are expected to bolt from the party, political sources said.

An analyst has said that the JNP might suffer a serious setback in the next general elec-tions to be held in July or August.

#### Honecker's death revives German divisions

divisions between Germany's east and west came alive again with reactions to the death of former East German leader Erich Honecker, 4-1/2 years after the fall of the Berlin Wall he built.

and Western commentators recalled the severity of Honecker's iron-fisted rule from 1971 until he was ousted by pro-democracy protests in 1989, paving the way for German

But former Communists and a surprising number of east Berliners interviewed on the streets found good things to say about the man who died of cancer Sunday in self-imposed exile in Chile.

Mr. Kohi, who welcomed Honecker to West Germany in 1987 but shunned him after communism collapsed, issued a terse statement.

spokesman Dieter Vogel said. Respect in the face of death requires that we say very little at this time about his role in post-war German history."

The ARD public television network described Mr. Honruled with the aid of Moscow and his own Stasi security

caused fear among the people he called citizens and whom he treated as vassals without a will." ARD commentator Juergen Engert said.
"When the fear was gone.

a synonym for a bleak herit-

Some eastern politicians who once suffered Stasi persecution as human rights activists joined the western criticism of Mr. Honecker for never repenting his years in

ing and unlearning potentate until his death," said Konrad Weiss, a member of parliament from the eastern wing of the Greens/Alliance 90 party.

impressions. "In our party, we will continue to recognise Erich Hon-

ecker's fight against the Hitler regime just as much as we do not want to excuse or play down his failure in creating a socialist society." PDS Chair-man Lothar Bisky said. The leftist Berlin newspaper Neues Deutschland, once the

Communist resistance fighter in Nazi Germany, where he was caught by the Gestapo and jailed for ten years. "Erich Honecker deserves our respect as a fighting grand

Many people questioned on eastern Berlin streets said they had been better off under Mr. Honecker's rule, when joblessness and crime were largely unknown.

many, but I think the vast

majority were better off." said a well-dressed man of about 35 named Joerg, who declined to give his surname. "It was a safer, more secure place."

But others were still irate

'I'm delighted that that pig has finally died," he told N-TV all-news television. "He screwed up my life for 40

Mr. Honecker remained largely silent in his Chilean exile, and he quickly was forgotten at home, where most of the 16 million former East Germans are too busy coping with capitalism to worry about Mr. Honecker's 18-year rule.

Klaus Sternberg, a teacher in Schwerin. "There won't be many who

can sit down with Marx, Engels and Lenin and think over what went wrong," joked Lutz Wagner, an east Berlin salesman. "For me, he died in 1989," one young woman said in a

ing with his wife, Margot, and daughter Sonja in Santiago, Chile, since Berlin court halted

came a criminal," said Friedrich Schorlemmer, a former dissident pastor. Egon Krenz, who replaced Mr. Honecker but lasted only 1 1/2 months in office, de-

scribed Mr. Honecker as a victim of his circumstances. "Work, bread, and peace that was Honecker's service to East Germany," Mr. Krenz said in a statement telexed to news agencies. "Cold war and loyalty set limits on his room to manoeuvre that he couldn't

In fact, Mr. Honecker resisted ally Mikhail Gorbachev's example of reform communism until it was too

As a peaceful revolution swelled around him, Mr. Honecker was ousted by his politburo colleagues on Oct. 18, 1989.

Less than a month later, popular pressure forced the Communists to open the wall, in one of the most momentous steps of the latter part of the 20th century.

Long after Mr. Honecker's government collapsed, German politicians and scholars have evaluated the success of ostpolitik, a cooling of tensions begun by Chancellor Willy Brandt in the early 1970s that enabled dialogue and aid to flow to East Germany.

Honecker contributed to ostpolitik by loosening travel

restrictions. He always got hard currency in exchange for Honecker?" one youngster any human rights gestures. Mr. Honecker had been livservation but none for whales. هار امنه المصل

**BOGOTA (R)** — Colombians face a second round of presidential elections in three weeks after the closest vote the country has seen this century failed to produce an outright Official results late Sunday, with 95.6 per cent of polling

nomist and former minister Ernesto Samper of the Liberal Party in a cliffhanger with conservative challenger and extelevision anchorman Andres

stations reporting, had eco-

Mr. Samper had 45.1 per cent of the vote, against 44.9 per cent for Mr. Pastrana, the

quired 50 per cent plus one of

votes needed for outright vic-

tory, a second round of polling

will take place on June 19

between the two front-runners.

GUATANAMO NAVAL

BASE. Cuba (AP) — The chief of the U.S.-led blockade

of Haiti says beefed-up efforts

to be working despite a tug-

boat's dash to port after a

warning shot was fired across

Rear Admiral John J.

Mazach said he didn't have

exact figures but "the inbound

traffic has gone down an awful

Haiti to force its military to

step down and restore demo-

cracy first went into effect last

The measures have largely

been unsuccessful because fuel

is funneled in from neighbour-

ing Dominican Republic and

blockade runners easily slip

CKROO

Economic sanctions against

its bow.

November.

separated the two leading

With 5.7 million ballots

counted only 12,449 votes

Samper, who was the favourite because he had the support of outgoing President Cesar Gaviria and the majority Liberal Party. National Registry Office said. As no candidate got the re-

"It's a better result for Pastrana than for Samper," one senior Western diplomat told Reuters. "Samper was counting on a lead of at least four to

five points over Pastrana at this point but this result leaves the Admiral: Haiti blockade working

to close its border.

Bahamanian tugboat ignored a shot fired over its bow and continued on to the southern port of Jacmel with at least 400 barrels of fuel. Another vessel, a Panama-

nian cargo ship also carrying days later.

their boats through the web of U.S. Navy and Coast Guard

Last week, the United States increased its presence to stop such activity and began pressuring the Dominican Republic

But an hour before an increased worldwide ban against Haiti took effect on May 21. a

fuel, did heed a warning shot One of the problems, Adm. Mazach said, is that smaller

ships can sneak through the

blockade of large military ships trying to seal 1,000 miles (1,600 kms) of coastline.

"The larger-type ships... aren't coming here any more," Adm. Mazach said. "What we're seeing is the smaller boat running the coastline."

The navy's answer is a hightech version of the patrol (PT) boats of World War II called PCS or Cyclones. The first two of as many as 13 — Cyclone I and Tempest - arrived last week at the naval base on Cuba's back porch. 90 miles (150 kms) from Haiti.

The ships are built to allow them to go into shallow waters, and companion high-speed East Germany's former numrafts can follow a suspect vessel ber one was nothing more than even closer to the coast.

BONN (Agencies) — Cold war

Chancellor Helmut Kohl

unity one year later.

"Honecker had failed in his political goals," Mr. Kohl's

ecker as a functionary who ministry and left East Germany an economic ruin.
"His authority was based on instruments of power that

"He remained an overbear-

But the reformed Communist successors to Mr. Honecker's Socialist Unity Party (SED), the Party of Democratic Socialism (PDS), and many east Berliners spoke of positive

SED's propaganda sheet, also stressed his early history as a

old man of communism." it commented in Monday's edi-

"Certainly some people had problems in the old East Ger-

his manslaughter trial. "He was a victim who be-

that justice authorities let him leave Germany in January 1993 after ruling he was too ill to stand trial on manslaughter charges for the deaths of people trying to escape over the Berlin Wall.

One man was more blunt:

"At this point [ couldn't caare less about Honecker. and I'm sure the same goes for most east Germans," said

mourn him," added the Rev. Rainer Eppelmann, a former dissident in charge of the parliamentary commission investigating crimes of Mr. Honecker's government.
"He's in heaven now, and he

television interview. "Who was

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# مِلَدُا مِنْ الْأَصِلَ

### **NEWS IN BRIEF**

#### Former Milan midfielder commits suicide

ROME (R) - Agostino Di Bartolomei, former midfielder for Italian clubs Roma and AC Milan, committed suicide Monday by shooting himself in the head at his home in southern Italy, the Ansa news agency said. Di Bartolomei, 39, retired in 1987 after 15 years as a professional. He had been running an insurance agency. Ansa said that Di Bartolomei, who won the first division title with Roma in 1983, shot himself in the head on the terrace of his villa in the town of San Marco Di Castellabate, south of Naples. Magistrates opened an inquiry. Di Bartolomei, famous for his ferocious free kicks as well as his midfield skills, was a Rome native who moved south after he retired. He was married with two children.

#### Bigstone starts season with a flourish

PARIS (R) — Bigstone, one of last season's top European milers, began his season with a flourish Sunday, capturing the Group One Prix d'Ispahan at Longchamp. Bigstone, ridden by Olivier Peslier, took the measure of Hatoof with 200 metres to race in the 1.9 km test and readily held off Muhtarram by a neck. English-trained Muhtarram, ridden by Willie Carson, did not enjoy the clearest of runs in the seven-strong field, but Bigstone won on ment. Marildo, winner of the Prix Ganay and the Mount of Guy Guignard, finished third, a length and a half behind Muhtarram, with Hatoof, ridden by Walter Swinburn, fading into fourth place. Bigstone won two major races in England last year. Targets for 1994 include the Eclipse Stakes at Sandown and Goodwood's Sussex Stakes. The Group One Prix Jean Prat went to provincially-trained Millkom, who extended his winning sequence to eight with jockey Jean-Rene

#### Horses destroyed after identity mix-up

TOKYO (R) - Japanese officials have destroyed two horses after an inadvertent switch saw one of the pair racing for months under the other's identity, a spokesman for a regional racehorse industry organisation told Reuters Monday. The scandal over the mix-up meant the horses would almost certainly never have been allowed to race again, he said. Racing officials at Arao, in southern Japan, had apparently bought the horses from their respective owners, in part to compensate them, he said. "They tried but couldn't find new homes for the horses, and in the end they had to put them down," he added. The saga began in 1993 when Chikushaekan, a six-year-old mare long tagged as a no-hoper. suddenly won four races at the Arao course, near Kumamoto. Punters were astonished at her scintillating form, given her failure to notch a single victory in 1992. Rumours flew, but it was only later that things became clear. Officials at a racecourse near Kobe, further north, told their Arao counterparts they believed Chikushaekan had been switched by mistake with another light brown mare, Victory Gleam, after they spent the off-season at the same farm. The embarrassed officials looked for a discreet way out, sealing the horses' fate. "I'm afraid it does look a bit like they just wanted to bury the affair before it became public," the regional industry group spokesman said.

### **Burnley wins promotion**

WEMBLEY, England (AP) - Fullback Gary Parkinson scored the winning goal after Stockport had been reduced to nine men, giving Burnley a 2-1 victory Sunday in the division two playoff final. Parkinson netted in the 65th minute, shortly after Stockport's Chris Beaumont had been given the red card for stomping on Burniey fullback Les Thompson. Stockport defender Michael Wallace had been sent off for spitting in the first half. Burnley, which finished sixth in the division standings, will advance to division one next season along with automatic qualifiers Reading and Port Vale, which finished first and second. Stockport was fourth in the standings.

### **Australian dies after climbing Everest**

SYDNEY (R) - An Australian mountain climber has died while descending Mount Everest, the world's tallest mountain. the Australian Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade said Monday. Michael Rheinberger, 53, was one of two climbers in a large American-organised expedition who reached the summit but were trapped overnight by bad weather as they made their way down, a department spokesman said. "The Australian climber became seriously ill and died," the spokesman, said. "We don't know exactly what happened."

### **GOREN BRIDGE**

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1—East-West vulnerable, as South you hold:

\$\delta AJ1076 \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot AJ23 \delta 108\$
The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

1 \cdot \cdot

2 Pass?
What do you bid now?
A.—To bid the fourth suit now would virtually propel your side to game and your hand is not good enough for that. Instead, we prefer the invitational bid of two no trump, so we do not hang partner for a minimum opening bid.

Q.2-Both vulnerable, as South you held: 454 ♥10952 ◇AJ73 4654

454 ₹10952 ↓AJ73 4654
The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 ₹ 1 ♠ 2 ₹ 2 ♣
3 ↓ 4 ♠ ?
What action do you take?
A.—Your side's double fit increases the offensive potential of your hand while diminishing the combined defensive notential. mbined defensive potential. There's no guarantee that you can lefeat four spades and five hearts, if it doesn't make, won't be expensive. Bid it.

Q.3-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: **4AJ** 7Q987 110872 **4Q**75

The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 4 1 4 ? What action do you take? A .- If you have Negative Doubles in your arsenal, this is the perfect hand for it. If not, the only course open to you is to bid one no trump

and see where that takes you.

Q.4-East-West vulnerable, as

Q.4—East-West vulnerable, as South you hold:

AKQ854 TAQ8 6 4975

Your right-hand opponent opens the bidding with one diamond. What action do you take?

A.—This is a close decision between double followed by a spade bid and a one spade overcall. Since you hold the master suit and 3 1/2 defensive tricks, we are of the opinion that the hand is just good enough to start with a takeout double and follow up by bidding spades. But it's no crime just to overcall one But it's no crime just to overcall one

Q.5-East-West vulnerable, as South you hold: +Q875 VAKJ54 VK108 +6 Your right-hand opponent opens one club. What action do you take?

A.—Although there is a wast difference in the quality of your major suits, it would be wrong to give up on the spade suit so early in the game—siter all, partner might have loogth and strength in the suit and length and strength in the suit and little in hearts. A takeout double is

Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you 4Q876 ♥AKQ63 07 4K94 The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 7 Pass 1 4 Pass

What do you bid now?

A.—While the high-card count of this hand is only 14, its playing potential is tremendous. Two spades doesn't come close to doing it justice. Our vote goes to an invitational jump to three spades.

INDIANAPOLIS, Indiana (AFP) — Pole-sitter Al Unser Jr. won his second Indianapolis 500 here Sunday after a heartbreaking crash eliminated leader Emerson Fittipaldi 16 laps from the finish.

Unser, who also won in 1992, took the checkered flag under caution conditions here Sunday in a crash-filled race, giving his four-time winner father, Al Unser, a special 55th birthday present.

Fittipaldi had dominated the race, leading 145 laps and appearing set for his second straight Indy 500 triumph. But he slammed into the fourthturn wall on lap 184 and finished 17th.

"I'm very disappointed," the Brazilian said. "I was so close. I had everything in control. Fittipaldi lost control of his Mercedes-powered Penske exiting the fourth turn, sending the rear of the car into the outer wall. The rear wing shredded off and the car skidded to a stop on the main straightaway, just short of the

start-finish line. "He got out there too far and the old vacuum cleaner got him," Unser said.

Fittipaldi, a former Formula One and Indy-car series champion, shook his raised hands in frustration as he sat helpless in the cockpit.

That left Unser in the lead and he maintained his margin over first-time Indianapolis starter Jacques Villeneuve of Canada to take the title. Stan-Fox crashed three laps from the end, forcing the race to end under caution, with overtaking prohibited. Mercedes' victory marked

the first time in 70 years that an engine running here for the first time had won the Indy

Police estimated 500,000 people jammed the infield and outer grandstands, joining a global television audience to watch racers drive 200 laps, aloping the 2.5-mile (4 km) oval. At top speeds, the fastest cars lap in 39 or 40 seconds.

Roberto Guerrero's 20th-lap crash sent then leader Unser and second-place teammate Fittipaldi to the pits. Fittipaldi's crew finished in 11 seconds and the Brazilian grabbed the lead he would keep, except for pit stops, until the crash.

Unser's engine stalled after the stop and he had to be pushed back into place and restarted, dropping him into third on lap 23.
"I wanted to be easy on the

clutch and I was too easy," Unser said.

England's Nigel Mansell finished 22nd after being struck from behind by rookie Dennis Vitolo during a caution period. Mansell suffered a concussion and a minor burn.

Michael Andretti was running third before suffering a flat tire, then stalling in the pits to fall well back, continuing his family's hard luck here. He still crossed the finish line third but he was assessed a one-lap penalty for passing during a caution period and fell to sixth, allowing Bobby Rahal to claim third.

Mario Andretti, drove only 23 laps before an engine problem ended his 29th and final Indy 500 bid in 32nd place, on spot ahead of last-placed Roberto Guerrero.

"It's a big letdown for something as stupid as this,' Andretti said. "!t's disappointing when you're competitive and it's early. Everything was paying off. Now it's over.'

# Rockets survive late rally to beat Jazz

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah (R)

— Kenny Smith scored 25 points and the Houston Rockets survived a late rally to beat the Utah Jazz 80-78 Sunday and take a commanding 3-1 lead in the best-of-seven Western Conference finals.

Hakeem Olajuwon added a quiet — by his standards — 16 points and nine rebounds for the Rockets, who can clinch their second trip to the NBA finals with a victory at home in game five Tuesday.

"We feel we have one game to win in three," said Smith. "It's a race to four. Right now we feel real comfortable, confident, and we'll be very, very aggressive on Tuesday.

The teams combined for a playoff record low 23 points in the second quarter, with Smith accounting for 10 of Houston's 13 points.

Smith said that he had tried to be more aggressive with Utah putting extra defensive pressure on Olajuwon, the league's most valuable player.

"They're sending two or three guys at him," said Smith, "So it's imperative that you take your time and be aggressive once you get the basketball. They're really daring you sometimes to shoot the basket-

"That was tough, very tough," said Houston coach Rudy Tomjanovich. "They doubled and tiripled on Olajuwon and he had to kick it

"The other guys got the job done," said Olajuwon. "Kenny Smith was in a groove. You can't just go after one man with an NBA team this far advanced in the playoffs."

The Rockets led by as many as seven points in the final minute of the fourth quarter, but John Stockton hit a 3pointer with 13.5 seconds remaining to cut the margin to 80-78.

Before the ball was inbounded. Stockton drew an offensive

Thanks to a malfunctioning scoreboard clock, Utah had considerably more than 13 seconds to get off a shot, but could only manage an offbalance jumper in the lane by Tom Chambers. The Rockets grabbed the rebound and ran out the clock

Smith's 10-point second quarter helped the Rockets build a 38-31 halftime lead. Utah rallied to within 50-49 on Karl Malone's 18-foot base-

line jumper with 3:38 left in the third quarter. But Vernon Maxwell answered with a 3pointer and Houston closed the quarter with a 10-1 run to establish a 60-50 lead.

Malone led Utah with 25 points and 14 rebounds. Jeff Hornacek added 18 points and Stockton finished with 17 points and six assists.

The Jazz shot 37 per cent from the field and missed 10 of 29 free-throw attempts. Houston, looking to go the finals for the first time since losing to Boston in 1986, hit 40 per cent of its field-goal attempts and was 17-for-21 from the line.

The previous record low for a playoff quarter was 25 points, set by the Golden State Warriors and Los Angeles Lakers in the second quarter of a game on April 22, 1977.

### **DUTY FREE CAR FOR SALE**

Mercedes 300 SE, 1989 model, colour white, available for sale by sealed envelope.

Closing date Monday, 6/6/1994, 1200

Car can be inspected at the Australian Embassy, Amman, Tel. 673246/7

### Unser wins Indy title Little-known German beats Krickstein. reaches quarterfinals of French Open

PARIS (AP) — German teen-ager Hendrik Dreekmanzfml, the least experienced player left in the field, upset American 'Aaron Krickstein in straight sets Monday to reach the French Open quarterfinals.

Dreckmann will face Sweden's Magnus Larsson, who crushed Jaime Yzaga of Peru. 6-3, 6-2, 6-2. Larsson, ranked 46th in the world, said Yzaga appeared weary from a five-set victory over Michael Chang Saturday.

"He made a lot of unforced errors and didn't really get into the match," Larsson said. "It was pretty easy from the Slan.

Another fourth-round match ended early when Argentina's Javier Frana withdrew with a pulled stomach muscle while trailing Spaniard Alberto Berasetegui, 6-2, 6-0.

Berasetegui, who also had a walkover in the first round against Wayne Ferreira, will play in the quarterfinals against the winner of a late match between no. 5 seed Goran Ivanisevic and Italy's Andrea Gaudenzi. Krickstein made critical dou-

ble faults early against Dreekmann, while the 19-year-old German played with cool consistency in a 6-4, 6-4, 6-4 vic-

"I didn't fee! that comfortable out there today. I'm not really sure why," Krickstein said. "I didn't play nearly as well as I would have liked." Dreekmann, ranked only

89th in the world, has never won a tournament and lost in straight sets in the first round of the Australian Open this year, his only previous Grand Slam.

"It's unbelievable, and I'm really happy with it," Dreek-mann said. "Maybe Aaron didn't play his best, and I got some chances and was able to take them." Of the 10 German men en-

tered here — including no. 2 seed Michael Stich - Dreekmann was the only one to get

ranked Radomir Vasek. Krickstein jumped to a 3-0 lead in the first set, but doublefaulted to allow Dreekmann to draw even, then doublefaulted twice to go down 4-5 before the German served out

Dreekmann the victory.

ters so he must be doing something right," Krickstein said. In the upset-filled bottom half of the men's draw, Ivareaching the fourth round. In the star-studded top half

Sergi Bruguera, the no. 6 seed.

Sampras' serve-and-volley

past the second round. He beat 121st-ranked qualifier Dimitri Poliakov of Ukraine, upset 15th-seeded clay-court expert Carlos Costa of Spain, then beat 35th-ranked American veteran Richey Reneberg. Krickstein, ranked 33rd,

ousted a listless Stich in the second round, but admitted afterward that he would need to play better to keep advancing. He went on to win his third-round match, but his opponent was a qualifier from the Czech Republic, 272th-

In the third set, Krickstein saved two match points with sizzling serve returns before hitting a backhand wide to give

"He doesn't look like a great player ... But he's in the quarnisevic was the only seed among the eight players

of the draw, two high-voltage quarterfinals are scheduled for Tuesday. Top-seeded Pete Sampras will play two-time champion Jim Courier, the no. 7 seed, and fourth-seeded Andrei Medvedev of Ukraine will play defending champion

Courier seeks another crack at the crown he won in 1991 and 1992. Sampras, no. 1 in the world, wants to win the one -Grand Slam title that has eluded him and become the first man since Rod Laver in 1969 to capture all four. Sampras rated Courier, who

thrives on clay, as the favourite, but added, "it will

game is better suited to grass

Mary Pierce of France hits a backdand during her Torribround match against South African Amenda Coetter at the French Open. Pierce won in two straight and each, but tAFP photo)

and hardcourts than the red clay of Roland Garros stadium. But he has laboured to improve on the surface, seeking the Grand Slam sweep that he describes as the biggest challenge of his career. Courier has only won twice

in 12 matches against Sampras. but looks forward to shifting their rivalry to clay. "It should be extra interesting," Courier said. "His serve

is always effective, but it will be slightly less effective on this court." Bruguera beat Medvedev in straight sets in the French

semifinals last year before de-

throning Courier in the final.

Medvedev answered by win-

ning in straight sets on clay last

month in Monte Carlo, "I would seturily like to pla-Bruguera, because he [ ] fending champion." riedvedor said. "There is something I can take from him."

Bruguera reached the final last year without Gropping g set, and has not lost one here so far this year.

The timen's quarterfinels take place Tuesday, with for see led Steff Grat against Ines Gerrodintegui of Figentina, no. 2 Arabita Species Vicario against France's Louis Halard, no. 1 Conclude Martine? against no. 15 Setine Hack of Germany, ord no. 11 Mary Pierce against 103th-rank-g. Petra Rinter C. Austria.

# Gullit quits Dutch Derby's double poser foul on Houston rookie Sam Cassell, giving the Jazz a chance to tie the game. World Cup squad

NOORDWIJK, Netherlands (AFP) - Football star Ruud Gullit has walked out on the Dutch World Cup squad and will not play in the tournament, trainer Dick Advocaat

announced here late Monday. Advocaat said Gullit, who has only just returned to international football after a selfimposed exile, did not give any reasons for his departure.

The news is a major blow to the Netherlands' hopes of shining in the world showpiece starting June 17 - and a major blow for the event itself, with the dreadlocked Gullit rated as one of the world's most charismatic characters.

Gullit had only just returned to the side after quitting the Netherlands' qualifying campaign following a long-running row with Advocaat. He buried the hatchet and

returned to play in Friday's win over Scotland but was substituted at half-time and later criticised the Dutch game plan. Advocaat responded by saying he was in charge of the team and not Gullit. The 31-year-old, who has

won 64 international caps since his 1981 debut and scored 17 goals, originally announced his

retirement from the national team in 1992.

He then returned the following year, only to quit again after being substituted by Advocaat during the 2-2 draw with England at Wembley. But the news that Advocaat

would make way for Johan Cruyff during the United States finals made him change his mind — only for Cruyff to fall out with the Dutch football federation and turn down the job, Advocaat agreeing to continue.
Gullit, who married his com-

panion Christina Pensa earlier this month, had a fine season for Italian club Sampdoria last season, scoring 15 goals, and was re-signed by his former club AC Milan on a milliondollar contract.

European footballer of the year in 1987, he survived a series of career-threatening knee injuries to confirm his star status at AC Milan alongside Dutch teammates Marco Van Basten and Frank Riikaard.

He won an Italian league title with Milan in 1988 with the side, followed by successive European championship with Netherlands.

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# LONDON (AFP) — This year's English Derby promises

to be one of the most open for years — and the weather looks set to play a key role. A mere five days ago Sheikh Mohammad would have held

high hopes of a first victory in the classic, as rain fell heavily to soften up the Epsom turf. Then Craven stakes winner King's Theatre, who will be ridden by last year's Derby winning jockey, the mercurial Michael Kinane, looked wellpositioned to make up for his disappointing show on Newmarket's firm ground in the

2,000 Guineas. Now, at the end of rare dry British bank holiday weekend. the ground is firming up rapidly, and the odds are tumbling on Dante stakes winner Erhaab, who broke the track record in his York triumph.

When he returned to the enclosure Willie Carson, who will pilot Hamdan Al Maktoum's colt Wednesday, was heard to shout to trainer John Dunlop that the Derby was in the bag provided the ground

stayed good. Dunlop hedges his bets with Khamaseen, the Sandown Classic Trial runner-up, who relishes the 12 furlong distance but is only likely to give the 58-year-old Lester Piggott a realistic chance of victory if the rain return.

The Sheithis betier change will lie with the John Gosdontrained Sandown winner Linncy Head, who, along with Khamoseen, will have prompted stronger bucking after Sale down third-placed forse Time Star's victors in the Derhy Italiano.

Broadway Fiver has a good chance of giving John Hills victory in his first classic. His triumph in the Chester Vand has sent birn to the top of the betting and, nespite his lack of pedigree, he will not the dis-

Hills, who also has hopes with Wind in Her Half in the Oaks on Saturday, would dearty love to go one better than his father Barry, who had a string of seconds in the Derby. Another horse with the

staying power is Surshack, who will give Pat Eddery his last Derby rice for Khalid Abouillan. Having impressed with a four-length victory or St Cloud. and provided the ground is not too good he could profit from a fast pace start by the 25

strong, field. Guineas Mister Bailey; looks unlikely to repeat his triumph of or 12 brings, having faces hadly after a mile at

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T O A D T A Y		Waleed Tawfiq in  1. Goodbye, Single Life Arabic The star of the movie will attend the shows. Shows: 3:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30  2. ALADDIN Shows: 2:00, 5:00	CONCORD "1" THE GETAWAY Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 CONCORD "2" LAMBADA Shows: 12:30, 3:45, 6, 8:15, 10:15	The political comedy play FORBIDDEN FORBIDDEN Every night at 8:30 p.m.	Today & Everyday Abu Awwad in social comedy  "PUNCTURED BAG"	The political comedy play:  ***CHAT A PERCES**  (All Salines Vo. Salines)  At: \$:20 p.m.  For reservations please call \$25155

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AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali Monday visited Al Amal Cancer Centre project, where he was familiarised with the work progress at the project, expected to be finished by the end of the year. Dr. Majali stressed keenness of the Jordanian leadership, government and people to support this vital project. The Prime Minister expressed hope that the centre will be a regional one in the future, serving the Arab Nation as a whole.

### Libya completes pullout from Aouzou

TUNIS (R) — Libyan troops have completed their withdrawal from the Aouzou Strip which they had occupied since 1973, a hadian diplomat in the Libyan capital said Monday. The 3: mat said a handover ceremony would take place later Monday in the desert strip which Chad and Libya fought over for years. A United Nations observers team monitored the withdrawal from the 42,000 square mile (110,000 square kilometres), which is thought to contain oil and uranium, the Chadian diplomat added. A Chadian government delegation headed by Interior Minister Abderamane Miskine Izzo is in the Aouzou Stirp for the handover from a Libyan official delegation headed by Libya's Foreign Affairs Minister Omar Al Montasser, he said.

#### Afghan rivals fight on

KABUL (AFP) — More than 350 well-dressed but grim Afghan intellectuals attended a seminar here Monday, and called for the protection of human rights as rival factions traded gunfire in west Kabul. "The Afghan people have suffered so much for so long, they need peace and security," said Mohammad Yasin, chairman of a citizen's forum which called the Servants of Peace and Reconciliation. The two-day seminar began at the Intercontinental Hotel under the auspices of the forum, reflecting the agony and desperation of the war-weary residents of Kabul. The fighting between forces loyal to President Burhanuddin Rabbani and those opposing him has claimed more than 2,500 lives and left more than 17,000 wounded in Kabul since January. The anti-Rabbani alliance mainly includes the Hezb-I-Islami faction of Prime Minister Gulbuddin Hekmatyar and the Uzbek warriors of former Communist General Abdul Rashid Dostum. Several peace initiatives by Afghan mediators and outsiders have failed to halt the internecine bloodshed.

#### Israelis, Palestinians in fight over radio

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) — A dispute over equipment stuck in Israeli customs is threatening Palestinian hopes of launching a radio station in time to broadcast PLO chief Yasser Arafat's historic arrival in Jericho next month. Sam'an Khoury, deputy board chairman of the Palestinian Broadcasting Corporation, said Monday that Israel wanted unspecified taxes on equipment flown from Germany last week to Tel Aviv Airport. While short on cash, Palestinians hope to broadcast Mr. Arafat's arrival next month in Jericho, seat of Palestinian self-rule under a PLO peace deal with Israel launched this month. Israelis and Palestinians met Sunday to try to resolve the matter. Captain Hannie Jeshurun, spokeswoman for Israel's coordinator in the occupied territories, said despite meetings with Palestinians to try to solve the problem, "it takes time because you can't just start a radio station in a day." The European Union has donated more than \$2 million in broadcast equipment to the Palestinians for 1993 and an as-yet undetermined sum for 1994, Mr. Khoury said.

### Somali talks postponed again

NAIROBI (AFP) — Talks between Somalia's warring factions scheduled to open here Monday have been postponed for the fourth time in two months, a U.N. official said. A new date for the talks will be announced later, after further consultations between the United Nations and the Somali groups, said Huntley Anderson, an official of the U.N. Operation In Somalia (UNOSOM). The decision to postpone the negotiations was taken at a U.N. officials' meeting held here during the weekend Monday and attended by the U.N. secretarygeneral's special representative to Somalia Lansana Konyate. Mr. Anderson could not give details on the reasons for the

### Clinton's approval at 9-month low

WASHINGTON (AFP) - President Bill Clinton's approval rating has dropped to its lowest level in nine months, according to a poll. The survey conducted May 23-28 by the Harris Poll found that 42 per cent gave Mr. Clinton a positive rating against 48 per cent in early April, while his negative rating was up 56 per cent from 51 per cent two months ago. It was the lowest approval rating Mr. Clinton has been since August 1993, when it dropped to 41 per cent. Some groups that reliably vote Democratic, those with lower incomes and chication, gave the president low ratings. Only 40 per cent of those who earned under \$7,500 annually gave him good marks, and just 41 per cent with no high school degrees approved. The view that Mr. Clinton lacks foreign policy leadership could be pushing his ratings down, according to Humphrey Taylor, president of Louis Harris and Associates, who also noted Mr. Clinton's problems with the Whitewater real estate deal and the sexual harassment charge recently made against him. The president's lowest rating came in June last year, when it plunged to 35 per cent. The Harris survey of 1,253 adults had a margin of error of plus or minus three per

### Slovenia to stand firm in row with Italy

LJUBLJANA (R) - Slovenia has vowed to stand its ground in a row with Italy over the legacy of World War II and is confident the European Union (EU) will support its case. In a weekend interview Prime Minister Janez Drnovsek dismissed demands from Rome for compensation for Italian property taken over by Communist Yngoslavia after the war. "There are no Italian claims left," he said. "We have not changed our attitude and we don't intend to reconsider." Relations between the former Yugoslav republic and its powerful neighbour have been shaken since Italian Prime minister Silvio Berlusconi's cabinet, which includes three neo-fascists, was sworn in earlier this month. Mr. Berlusconi has tried to reassure nervous Adriatic neighbours Slovenia and Croatia that the neo-fascists' demands for the return of Italian coastal lands lost to Yugoslavia after World War II will not become official government policy. But last week Rome angered Slovenia by pushing it off a list of states considered as potential European Union members, saying propertry and other disputes must be settled first. "We don't like such Italian action," Mr. Drnovsek told Reuters and the British Broadcasting Corporation.

### Pope says a definitive 'no' to women priests

VATICAN CITY (R) — Pope John Paul Monday forcefully reaffirmed the Catholic Church's ban on women priests, saying the ruling was definitive and not open to debate. "I declare that the church has no authority whatsoever to confer priestly ordination on women and that this judgment is to be a definitively held by all the church's faithful," the Pope said in a letter to bishops. Although not specifically labelled as infallible, the solemn tone of the letter would make it difficult if not virtually impossible for a future Pope to alter the ban, church sources said. It was the first Papal pronouncement on female ordination since the Church of England created women priests last March in a move that brought relations with Rome to their lowest point in centuries. In the six-page letter, titled "on reserving priestly ordination to men alone," the Pope said it was necessary to write it because despite the long-standing ban "in some places it is nonetheless considered still open to

### Rwanda rebels seize army camp near Gitarama —radio

KIGALI (RT) — Rwandan rebels said Monday they had captured a military camp close to the town of Gitarama where the government has retreated southwest on the capital.

An announcement on rebel radio said the Nyanza Camp had fallen to the Rwanda Patriotic Front (RPF), whose advance on Gitarama itself had forced the government to flee. A senior United Nations official in Kigali said the U.N. had heard a similar report and was still checking.

The U.N. resumed evacuation civilians trapped behind front lines in Rwanda's capital Monday, a day after evacuations were halted for security problems, a U.N. source said. "The evacuations have re-

sumed and hundreds of civilians have already been ferried across the front lines," the source told Reuters. The United Nations source

said the warring parties had given sufficient guarantees about the security of the convoys during talks in Kigali between representatives of the RPF and government army. The direct talks are part of a U.N. plan to halt what some

relief agencies have called genocidal violence in Rwanda which has killed an estimated half a million people. U.N. convoys evacuated about 1,500 people between Friday and Sunday in the first breakthrough by the world

body in its effort to end more than seven weeks of bloodletting in the tiny central African Warring parties in Rwanda met for the first time Monday for talks on a U.N. truce plan

to halt violence. Representatives of the rebel and government armies held their first direct talks while

AMMAN (J.T.) - Jordan will

urge the United Nations Relief

and Works Agency (UNRWA) to upgrade its educational and

relief services to Palestinian

refugees and maintain such

services until a permanent

solution has been found for the

refugees, according to Asem

the Palestinian Affairs Depart-

ment Monday.
Mr. Ghosheh said he would

present Jordan's views in

several working papers to UN-

RWA's Wednesday meeting in

Amman to be attended by rep-

resentatives of donor nations

as well as Arab states hosting

The Jordanian papers would point out that Jordan, being

the major refugee-hosting

country in the region, has been

shouldering a large financial burden in connection with the

refugees and would warn that

recurring deficits in the agen-

AMMAN (Petra) — Repre-

sentative of the Amman

Chamber of Industry and

Palestinian industry and agri-

culture chambers Monday

gathered in Amman for their

third coordination meeting

held to pave the way for con-

vincing the Jordanian-

Palestinian conference on de-

velopment and investment in

Amman within several weeks.

Chamber of Industry Khal-

doun Abu Hassan said coor-

dination meetings and the con-

ference constitute a translation

of His Majesty King Hussein's

keenness to continue coordina-

tion between Jordanian and

Palestinian economic institu-

Mr. Abu Hassan said such

gatherings aim to draw institu-

ionalised policies that would

reflect the historic ties between

the Jordanian and Palestinian

BUDAPEST (R) — Ā day after scoring a landslide elec-

tion victory and seizing a par-liamentary majority, Hun-gary's Socialists Monday

savoured a victory that will put

many ex-communists back to

The party is gearing up for a special weekend congress to

decide what to do after captur-

ing 209 seats out of the possible

386 in Hungary's single-

"We are preparing for a

congress at the weekend that

will decide the party's candi-

date for the prime minister's

job and also decide on the

possibility of a coalition," par-

chamber parliament.

President of the Amman

Palestinian refugees.

Jordan to ask UNRWA

to upgrade services

gunfire echoed around the capital Kigali where guerrillas have gained an upperhand.

"The main goal of the talks is to arrive at a ceasefire to improve conditions for the Rwandan people and allow aid to reach them," Brigadier-General Marcel Gatsinzi, heading the government side, told Reuters.

"I have no option but to believe in the goodwill of the RPF," he added. Colonel Frank Mugambage

led the RPF side, which says it will discuss with the military but not the government which it does not recognise, at talks which started at 10.30 a.m. (0830 GMT).

The two sides were scheduled to discuss a draft ceasefire proposal prepared by the U.N. Assistance Mission In Rwanda (UNAMIR) calling for an immediate end to hosti-

Opening the talks, UN-AMIR deputy force commander Brigadier-General Henri Anyidoho said the meeting should build on the impetus given to the peace process by U.N. special envoy Iqbal Riza who visited Rwanda last week.

The talks were delayed briefly after the U.N. armoured personnel carrier Catsinzi was travelling in from the Hotel Des Mille Collines in a government part of Kigali broke down 250 metres from UNAMIR headquarters and had to be towed in. Volleys of RPF small arms fire crackled over the U.N. building, in a rebel-held eastern part of the city, before the talks started and despite U.N. calls for a truce to be observed during the talks sporadic mortar fire could

also be heard. RPF forces pressed their offensive on government

cy's annual budgets were bound to adversely affect the

level of humanitarian services

to the refugees, said Mr.

Ghosheh in a statement to the

Jordan News Agency, Petra.

Mr. Ghosheh said Jordan

would urge the donor nations

to increase their contributions

**to the agency and thus help** 

boost peace efforts in the re-

During the two-day meeting,

the delegates will study several

topics related to the agency's

financial situation and its 1994-

95 fiscal budget, in addition to

the agency's contribution to

the peace process, said Mr.

Also UNRWA officials will

review programmes for socio-

economic development of resi-

dents of refugee camps in the

host countries and the agency's

recent plans for the Gaza Strip,

private sector institutions in

order to achieve economic in-

tegration between the two peo-

Jordanian-Palestinian eco-

nomic ties require that cooperation be enhanced in the

fields of legislation, standards and specifications, the ex-

change of commodities and

launching joint ventures, he

The conference, he added,

will discuss economic issues of

common interest, in addition

to the prospect of exchanging expertise with the objective of

establishing institutionalised

relations between economic in-

stitutions on both banks of the

The two sides also discussed

Monday the prospect of estab-

lishing joint Jordanian-

Palestinian companies to

promote their products in fore-

ty spokesman Andras Bard

Party Chairman Gyla Horn,

former foreign minister, is

"The likelihood that some-

one else will be elected is very

small," said a Socialist official

who refused to be identified.

Sunday night Mr. Horn stres-

sed his party's intention to

continue integrating the coun-

"For Hungarian economic

development. Hungarian-

German relations are crucial."

try into Western Europe.

At a news conference late

widely tipped for the pre-

ign markets.

Hungary Socialists savour

victory; to hold congress

said Mr. Ghosheh.

Palestinians, Jordanians prepare

for investment conference

troops overnight, fighting to control their enemies' last exit road to the southwest of Kigali around the outskirts area known as Qadhafi's Corner.

Fighting in other parts of the city resumed at daybreak and a mortar bomb exploded outside the hotel in a rebel-held area where journalists stay, witnesses said. RPF radio late Sunday

blamed the government side for suspending an exchange of Tutsi and Hutu refugees across the front lines in Kigali and said this could impede talks. Radio Muhabura (the Beacon) alleged that the government had violated the onefor-one exchange agreement by demanding that all 5,500 refugees in rebel-held Ama-

horo Stadium, many of them

Hutus, be sent to government

territory in exchange for just

175 mainly Tutsi people in the Hotel Des Mille Collines. U.N. officers said the evacuation of refugees from Kigali would not resume Monday because the warring sides had not given enough security guarantees for the convoys.

Around half a million Rwandan Hutus fleeing rebel advances are cut off near the town of Gitarama, the International Committee of the Red Cross

(ICRC) said Monday. ICRC spokesman Tomy Burgener said the refugees had flooded from the capital Kigali, which is falling to the Tutsidominated rebels, and others had joined them from the

"It's become extremely serious. It's very difficult for aid agencies to cope with this sort. of situation," he said.

south.

"They have little food or water and the medical situation is very serious," he added.
"Mr. Burgener said the

ANKARA (AFP) — Rival Ira-

qi Kurdish factions met in Silo-

pi, southeast Turkey, Monday

in a Turkish-backed initiative

to end fighting in northern

Iraq, the semi-official agency

Representatives from the

Kurdistan Democratic Party

(KDP) and the Patriotic Union

of Kurdistan (PUK) who have

been battling since the begin-

meeting with Turkish officials.

But neither KDP leader

Anatolia reported.



A displaced Tutsis Rwandan child cries as she and her mother wait for food at Kabgayi refugee camp, south of Kigali. Some 14,000 refugees take shelter in this camp and get food every three days (AFP photos)

flood of refugees along the road from Kigali to Gitarama, 40 kilometres to the south, began last Wednesday.

With the main road south, to Butare, also cut by fighting, thousands more had been forced to turn back to Gitarama. Their only escape route now was to the east via the town of Kibuye, on Lake Kivu, and then into either Burndi or Zaire.

The ICRC has a hospital in

Massoud Barzani nor PUK

head Jalal Talabani attended

the meeting in Silopi, near the

Fighting has continued in

northern Iraq despite ceasefire

agreements and split the region

into PUK and KDP-controlled

Tehran Radio said Monday

that thousands of Kurds had

fled their homes in northeast

Iraq amid intensified fighting

between the two factions which

The radio reported stepped-

has left at least 100 dead.

Iraqi border.

the town and was handing out limited supplies of food, but could not cope with the numbers, Dr. Burgener added.

researchers. Taxi driver nabs

A spokesman for the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees, which is helping to care for more than a million people who have fled Rwanda's borders, said no major refugee movements to third countries had been reported in the past Rival Kurdish factions meet in Turkey

up clashes in Arbil, Qala Dila.

Suleymaniyeh and the Haj-

Omran region of Halabja, near

the Iranian border. Northern Iraq has been under Kurdish control since it was established with the help of the U.S.-led coalition which drove Iraqi occupying forces out of Kuwait in February 1991.

The Silopi meeting also dis cussed plans to hold fresh elections in Iraqi Kurdistan, Ana-

trator. Mr. Atwood, who on arrival

### Clinton envoy assesses Ethiopia famine

ADDIS ABABA (R) — U.S. President Bill Clinton's special envoy toured food projects and met with Ethiopian leaders Monday on the second leg of a mission to help 50 million people threatened by war and famine.

Brian Atwood, administra-tor of the U.S. Agency for International Development, is

leading a biapartisan delegation including members of Congress and representatives of private voluntary organisa-

tions working in the area.
"The U.S. delegation will have a close look at the situation and devise possible ways of dispatching considerable

amount of relief assistance to minimise the human tragedy,"

said Mr. Atwood, Mr. Clinton's top foreign aid adminis-

in Addis Ababa Sunday said Washington was deeply concerned about famine in Africa's oldest nation, was also to hold talks with senior Ethiopian government officials and President Meles Zenawi.

### S. Korea prepares for showdown; no more compromise with North

SEOUL (R) — South Korean President Kim Young-Sam Monday ordered his cabinet to draw up contingency plans to deal with a defiant North Korea, which shut the door on international inspections at its nuclear plant last week. A presidential spokesman told reporters Mr. Kim called a

meeting of security-related ministers to prepare for all contingencies, including a showdown between the isolated Stalinist North and the international community. "(The government) should

prepare itself for the possibility of an unexpected move by North Korea facing a crisis, the spokesman quoted Mr. Kim as telling the meeting. North Korea last week re-fused to let U.N. experts take samples of spent fuel from a key nuclear reactor at Yong-byon, 100 kilometres from Pyongyang, to determine

whether the plant was used as a source of plutonium for atomic bombs.
Mr. Kim recently warned that North Korea might seek a military provocation against

the South to avert an internal crisis stemming from wrenching economic difficulties. On Monday, Mr. Kim said the world faced "a critical chal-

lenge" by North Korea, which ignored an international call to stop refuelling the Yongbyon reactor.
Hans Blix, director general of the International Atomic

Energy Agency (IAEA), raised alarm bells in a report to U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali Friday, saying the IAEA might not be able to verify nuclear safeguards. "We will have to take steps

to cope with various situations expected by the growing chances of the North Korean nuclear issue being sent back to the U.N. Security Council," Mr. Kim was quoted as saying.

North Korea, which denies Western charges it is secretly developing nuclear weapons, has said Security Council action such as economic sanctions would be considered an act of war.

A senior Seoul government official said Mr. Kim made clear in Monday's meeting there would be no more IAEA or U.S. concession to persuade Pyongyang to allow full inspec-"There cannot be any more

compromise as we are approaching a point where the IAEA's ability to assess the history of the reactor may be lost," he said.
"Washington and the IAEA

are still seeking a solution through dialogue and I would not say the North is already on an irreversible collision course. But any agreement should follow an end to North Korea's refusal to meet IAEA demands.' The Seoul official said it

would be a matter of days, not weeks, before North Korea was on "full collision course" if it continued removing the spent fuel rods at the present pace.

A nuclear expert told Reuters the speed could represent a danger to those carrying out the task. "This is a complicated process and should not be carried out at such speed." said the expert, who declined to be identified

South Korean Foreign Minister Han Sung-Joo summoned the ambassadors of the United States, Japan, Russia and China Monday for urgent consultations on the North Korean nuclear standoff.

Foreign Ministry officials

said Mr. Han began the consultations by first meeting with U.S. Ambassador James Laney shortly after 11:00 a.m. (0240 GMT) at the request of President Kim Young-Sam. The meeting followed an inter-ministerial coordination

palace. It also came one day ahead of an expected U.N. Security Council meeting to discuss

meeting at the presidential

possible sanctions on North Mr. Kim leaves for Moscow this week for four days of talks

with Russian counterpart Boris Yeltsin that will focus on regional security issues, a pres-idential aide said Monday. "During their talks, President Kim and President Yelt-

sin will discuss the security situation in the Korean peninsula and North East Asia," the aide told reporters. Mr. Kim is to leave for Moscow Wednesday for a four-

day stay and will then visit Ubzekistan, where about 200,000 ethnic Koreans are liv-Mr. Kim's visit to Moscow

and Tashkent follows Mr. Yeltsin's trip to Seoul in November 1992 and Uzbek President Islam Karimov's South Korean visit.
The two leaders will ex-

change views and explain efforts to resolve the North's nuclear programme and "will discuss what to do in future to deal with the worsening situa-tion" over the nuclear dispute.

### 2 Shakespeare plays may have

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been Marlowe's LONDON (R) — Two of William Shakespeare's early plays may have been the work of his contemporary Christopher Mariowe, according to a computer review of their prose styles. Two researchers computer scientist Robert Matthews and literary scholar Thomas Merriam — used a "neural network" computer which was programmed to learn from experience like a set of simple brain cells. They let the computer loose on Shakespeare's Henry VI Parts Two and Three and then on two anonymous plays, The Contention and The True Tragedy Of Richard Duke Of Yorke, that are widely regarded as being the works of • Marlowe. Merriam said: "Shakespeare began his career as an actor, not a dramatist. These findings suggest his first efforts at play-writing leaned heavily on the works of Christopher Marlowe whose literary talents he ultimately eclipsed. The computer findings were published Monday in the journal Literary And Linguistic Review. The researchers hope their findings will stimulate more cooperation between computer scientists and arts

### back-seat bandits

BANGKOK (R) — Two iittery young robbers were arrested in a Western suburb of Bangkok after being locked in the taxi with the driver's. takings, police said Monday. The two men pulled a small knife on a taxi driver and managed to extort 400 baht (\$16) before the driver stopped the car, activated the central locking mechanism, and dashed off to get the police. When police arrived on the scene they found the two desperately trying to smash a window to get out of the car. They were too excited to real-

ise that only three doors were locked. The driver's door was still unlocked," an officer told Reuters. The pair have been

#### Cows maul man as he walks his dogs

LONDON (AP) - Paramedics rescued a man mauled by a herd of cows Sunday. John Hine, 55, was crossing a field while walking his two golden retrievers near Tetsworth, about 40 miles (60 kms) northwest of London, when the jersey cows spotted him. The cows knocked him to the ground, breaking his leg and badly bruising his chest, according to the local ambulance control officer. John Willis. Unable to move, Mr. Hine called for help on his cellular phone. His dogs barked to help paramedics locate their master in the boggy, secluded spot. There were calves in the field, so I think the cows were being protective," Mr. Willis said.
"We called in the police helicopters, and when it arrived all the cows came over to see what was going on," he said. None of the rescuers was attacked during Mr. Hine's evacuation to a hospital in Oxford, where he was reported in serious but stable condition.

#### Parents plotted to kill daughter for 'disgrace'

MELBOURNE (R) - A Syrian-born couple plotted to kill their 17-year-old daughter because she had disgraced the family by dating an Australian boy, a court heard Monday. George Shoukan, 41, and his wife Amal Tawil, 36, asked two undercover police officers to kill their daughter by a drug overdose, prosecutor Jeremy Rapke said in a committal hearing at Brunswick Magistrates Court. Mr. Shoukan and Ms. Tawil, of the outer Melbourne suburb of Broadmeadows, are each charged with incitement to murder and conspiring to murder their daughter. Rema Tawil, in 1993. Mr. Rapke said they were angry at their daughter for dating an Australian teena-ger when an engagement to a man from an Islamic background had already been arranged for her. Rapke also said that the day before the contact with the undercover police in November 1993, Mr. Shoukan shackled his daughter's legs together and chained her to a bed. He had dictated a suicide note to her, which she had written out of fear for her life, Mr. Rapke said.

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